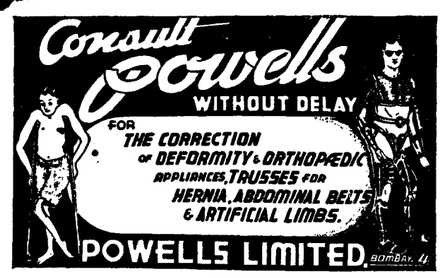

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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PUNJAB GOVERNMENT RESIGNS

Khizr Gives Line Clear To League

Hopes His Province Will Set Example In Communal Harmony

LAHORE, March 3, (A.P.I.): The Premier of the Punjab Malik Sir Khizr Hyat Khan Tiwana has submitted the resignation of his Cabinet.

Announcing the resignation of his Government the Premier of the Punjab said: His Majesty's Government has made it imperative that parties in the province must be brought face to face with stark realities and must come to grips direct with the problems of the country. It is now incumbent on me to leave the field clear for the Muslim League to come to such arrangement 'vis a vis' the other parties as might consider and best in the interests of the Muslims and the province.

NO COALITION WITHOUT LEAGUE

The Unionist Premier said: If I were now to continue to lead a Coalition in which the Muslim League is not represented, this might put in serious jeopardy such chances as might otherwise exist of a settlement being arrived at between the communities in the province.

The Premier added: The basic fact in the situation is that the province has been suddenly confronted with the main constitutional problem and in conformity with the policy to which I have throughout adhered, the responsibility for dealing with this problem on behalf of the Muslims must continue to vest in the Muslim majority party.

Sir Khizr said: In view of the step that I have taken, it is needless for me to stress that I shall be ever ready to promote the cause of communal harmony and the chances of communal settlement in the province as far as it might be within my power and shall not grudge any sacrifice that might help to achieve this much to be desired consummation.

PREMIER EXPLAINS.

LAHORE, March 3. (A.P.I.): Malik Sir Khizr in a statement to the Associated Press of India late to-night said: "in the course of my statement issued on Feb. 26, I said that His Majesty's Government's announcement of Feb. 25 had created an entirely new situation in which the leaders of all parties in the Punjab must decide how the province should face the future. I have since given most anxious consideration to the situation with which the country is now faced and after mature deliberation have arrived at certain conclusions which I take this opportunity of making public.

Last year when on the invitation of His Excellency the Governor, I took upon myself the responsibility of forming a Coalition Government, I was convinced that the best interests of the province and of all parties would be served by the administration being run by a non-communal party or coalition.

EXAMPLE FOR OTHER PROVINCES.

As regards the constitutional evolution of the country, each party in the Coalition was left free to pursue its own line. On my part, I made it clear that my Muslim colleagues in the Legislature and myself fully supported the Muslim demands I am thoroughly convinced to-day, as I was then, that for the purpose of securing a sound provincial administration, the best arrangement is a non-communal party or coalition. The risks attendant upon adoption of any other course are too obvious to be stressed.

On this basis I have endeavoured to maintain a distinction between the provincial and administrative problems and those that were Central and constitutional. As long as this line could be maintained, I had hoped that the Coalition in addition to running the provincial administration on a satisfactory basis might also serve as a bridge to make communal settlement possible. The arrangement in the Punjab might have served as an example elsewhere.

REACTION TO ATTLEE'S LATEST.

It must however be confessed with sorrow that the gulf that unfortunately divides the communities is as wide to-day as it was last year. It might nevertheless have been possible for the Coalition to continue to bridge it and to function satisfactorily on the basis on which it was formed but H.M.G.'s latest pronouncement has obliterated the boundaries between the Provincial and Central spheres and constitutional and administrative problems and has thereby destroyed that very basis itself.

H.M.G. have declared their solemn resolve to start immediately the process of transferring the balance of political power into Indian hands and to complete it by June 1948. To meet the contigency of H.M.G. finding it necessary in the case of the Punjab to transfer responsibility to a provincial administration, it is only fair that all political parties in the province should have a change of evolving between them an administration which should be ready to receive sovereign power from H.M.G. as soon as the process of transfer commences.

If I were now to continue to lead a coalition in which the Muslim League is not represented, this might put in serious jeopardy such chances that might otherwise exist of a settlement being arrived at between the communities in the province.

The basic fact in the situation is that the province has been suddenly confronted with the main constitutional problem and in conformity with the policy to which I have throughout adhered the responsibility for dealing with this problem on behalf of the Muslims must continue to vest in the Muslim majority party.

H.M.G.'s announcement has made it imperative that parties in the province must be brought face to face with stark realities and must come to grips direct with the problems that confront the country. It is now incumbent on me to leave the field clear for the Muslim League to such arrangement 'vis a vis' the other parties as it might consider best in the interests of the Muslims and the province.

UNIONIST LANDSLIDE

The Coalition Ministry of the Punjab of which the Premier Sir Malik Khizr Hyat Khan has submitted a resignation to the Governor, Sir Evans Jenkins, was formed in February last year after the General elections.

The election results constituted a set back to the Unionist Party which had ruled the province for eight years. The Muslim League came out as largest single party having won 80 out of 84 Muslim seats. Other parties came out as follows: Congress 50, Akali Sikhs 23, Unuionist Party 22 and Independents 7. Total strength of the House 175.

Sardar Nishtar Sees No Hope For Hindu-Muslim Unity

ALLAHABAD, March 2 (A.P.I.): Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Communication Member of the Government of India, asserted today that Muslim masses could enjoy freedom or call themselves a free nation only when Pakistan was achieved, addressing a meeting of the City Muslim League.

Hindus and Muslims could never unite under one banner as their ways and modes of living were different. They had nothing common in their social status and life.

Sardar Nishtar denied that the Muslim League was hindering India's freedom. Muslim League was equally anxious to achieve independence for India and it would not be realised unless Pakistan was established.

"If any constitution is thrust upon us in which issues will be decided by voting, it would always put the Hindus in a stronger position", he added.

The Communication Member will leave for Delhi tonight.

Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar who arrived here from Delhi this morning inaugurated the Muslim Students' Union of the Allahabad University today.

Addressing the students' Sardar Nishtar paid tributes to the leadership of Mr. Jinnah. He asked them to keep in touch with the current politics and said that their services might be needed by the Muslim Nation.

Replying to an address of welcome presented by the Scheduled Castes Students' Federation, Sardar Nishtar observed that the Muslim League always stood for the protection of rights and interests of the Scheduled castes and other minorities.

126 ARRESTS IN HAZARA

League Demonstrations Continue

PESHAWAR, March 2 (A.P.I.): A small procession was again taken out in Mardan this morning according to a report received here.

About 15 persons were put under temporary arrest and the procession was dispersed near Chowk Toru.

Three processions were taken out in Abbotabad yesterday. 31 persons were arrested.

There were also demonstrations in Nawanshehra, Mansehra, Baffa, Haveiian, Haripur and Dhamtour in Hazara district. The total number of arrests made in Hazara district yesterday were about 126

Two processions were also taken out in Kohat yesterday one in the morning and the other in the afternoon. A meeting was also held in the municipal park

LEAGUE AGITATION AND FRONTIER ARRESTS

PESHAWAR, March 1. (A.P.I.): According to a report received here a small Muslim League procession was taken out in Mardan to-day. The procession was dispersed by the police when it reached Chowk. About twelve persons were arrested, including ten Muslim League National Guards in uniform.

Picketing of courts is being continued in Kohat and some Muslim League volunteers were arrested while picketing.

A batch of Muslim League National Guards suddenly appeared near the Civil Secretariat in Peshawar Cantonment and marched towards the Government House. The crowd dispersed when it reached the eastern gate of the Government House and about 19 persons were put under temporary arrest. Another small procession was taken out in Cantonment Bazar and fourteen persons were arrested.

RAJEN BABU WARNS BIHAR

"Co-operate With Govt. To Avert Famine"

PATNA, March 2 (A.P.I.): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member, Interim Government, made an impassioned appeal to the people of the province, especially the producers, to help the Government in meeting the food situation by giving their surplus stocks of food-grains and not to withhold them in the hope of securing higher prices than those offered by the Government, while addressing a largely attended public meeting in the Banikpur Maidan this evening.

Explaining the reasons for his visit, Dr. Prasad, stated that during the last few days he was flooded with telegrams and letters at Delhi informing him that the prices of foodgrains had gone very high in the districts of Saran, Darbhanga and some other places and urging his intervention to meet the situation. He could not understand the causes of this sudden rise in price, Dr. Prasad said. It appeared to him that the people of the province were not co-operating with the Government in its attempt to meet the food situation through its monopoly procurement scheme in the hope of securing even higher prices than those fixed by the Government which were quite reasonable.

Dr. Prasad regretted this lack of civic sense of the people and cautioned them against the fate that overtook Benga in 1943, although he saw no reason why it should be repeated in Bihar.

"Australia Alters Role After India Decision"

LONDON, March 2 (Reuter): The Australian Government intends to attempt to reach an understanding with the United States on the defence of the South-West Pacific, the Sydney correspondent of the Conservative "Sunday Times" wrote today in an article headed "Australia alters role after India decision."

He said that after the Australian Cabinet had considered Britain's decision to transfer power to India in June next year, Australian Ministers this week gave an outline of Commonwealth policy "to meet the radically-altered circumstances in the Orient and South-West Pacific."

ALLAHABAD, March 2. (A. P. I.): Nearly 500 teachers of the local non-Government Anglo-Hindustani Schools and colleges staged a one-day token strike yesterday to express their discontent against the failure of Government to meet their demands of increase in salaries and other allowances.

The twenty-fourth Session of the Indian Historical Records Commission will be held at Jaipur sometime in December 1947 at the invitation of the Jaipur Government.

150 GUERILLAS KILLED

Mopping Up Operations In Athens

ATHENS, March 2 (Reuter): One hundred and fifty Greek guerillas were killed, many wounded and 50 taken prisoners during mopping up operations extending from Mount Vermion near the Albanian and Yugoslav frontiers to Mount Kedaillir, east of Salonika, the Athens News Agency said tonight. Fine weather allowed a wide use of artillery, after the surrender of a guerilla leader, two big arms depots containing mortars, rifles and mines were found.

Evidence that 300 Greek guerillas on one occasion crossed into Albania and returned to Greece two days later was given by witness Vellanitis to the United Nations Balkans Enquiry Commission at Salonika.

Warli Trouble Restarts

DAHANU, March 2, (A. P. I.): The Warli trouble seems to have gained fresh impetus and cases of looting, arson and general lawlessness are being reported from several parts of the district.

Hay worth Rs. 2,000 was burnt at Bapgaon. At Ambivali, it is stated, a Warli mob under the leadership of a village Police Patil attacked a toddy booth, severely belaboured the licensee, took away his cash and clothes, and finally set fire to the booth causing serious damage.

The Warlis damaged 125 carts and burnt eight wagons of charcoal at Ozar.

Hundreds of carts used for transporting charcoal from the jungles, are returning empty and the prevailing panic it is stated has resulted in a setback to the efforts which were being made to increase the charcoal production to relieve Bombay and other cities from charcoal shortage.

A police party has been rushed to the affected areas.

BAGAL BREAKS FAST

KOLHAPUR, March 2 (A.P.I.): Mr. Madhavrao Bagal, President of the Kolhapur State Praja Parishad and the President of newly elected Deccan States' Subjects' Regional Council broke his nine-day old fast this evening.

He did so after an assurance from Mr. Kamalnayan Bajaj and Mr. Shantilal Shah, representatives of the All-India States' People's Conference who came here yesterday, to the effect that the demands which led to his fast were being almost conceded by the Darbar.

Malayan War On "Uniformed Group Of Indian Labourers"

Strikes In Several Estates Continue: European Women To Get Ready For Evacuation?

KEDAH, March 2 (Reuter): Official ban on the use of uniforms by Indian labourers was announced today in Kedah where uniformed groups of Indian labourers were earlier reported to be causing trouble.

The situation this morning in the Kedah estates was reported quiet but the police are still standing by.

Anxiety is shown in official quarters at the spread of the disturbances to South Kedah where the manager of the Tonghurst estate was stoned yesterday.

The political uniform ban will come into force on March 10 when a bill making all political and military uniforms except British Army and Civil Police uniforms illegal will be introduced by the Malayan Union Advisory Council.

However the latest news of the labour situation in Kedah is more reassuring, according to an official announcement issued at Kuala Lumpur today.

Twelve rioters arrested at Bedong on Friday were brought to trial today and sentenced to three months hard labour. There were no demonstrations either during the hearing or after the sentences.

Labourers of three South Kedah estates today returned to work, but strikes continue at Bukit, Sembilan, Tonghurst, Kulim and one division of Sungei Toh Tawang and Glugor Estates.

"Grossly Exaggerated"

SINGAPORE, March 2 (U.P.A.): European women on isolated estates where rioting has taken place have been warned to leave in the event the trouble spreads, the Deputy Commissioner for Labour said here today.

He denied that all European staffs on estates have been evacuated, and said riot reports were "grossly exaggerated."

The Deputy Commissioner said slightly more than 200 natives employed on three estates were involved. Eleven rioters were arrested yesterday after a clash broke out at a small liquor store in one trouble area. The rioters threw bricks and bottles at the Police but were subdued when the Police charged using their rifle butts. No shots were fired.

Back In India After 42 Years' Exile!

KARACHI, March 2. (U.P.I.): Dr. Abdul Hafiz Akhut, an Indian Scientist, returned to India after 42 years of exile. His coming home was facilitated by the Interim Government who lifted the ban against his entry into India.

Dr. Hafiz, whose younger brother, Mian Abdul Aziz, Barrister, Lahore, left India in 1913 and spent his years in Germany, Turkey, and Afganistan.

Truman For Mexico

WASHINGTON, March 2 (Reuter): President Truman left here this morning on board his plane "Sacred Cow" for a four-day visit to Mexico.

The President will stop at Grandview, Missouri, today to visit his mother who is suffering from a fractured hip and will leave there by plane early on Monday for Mexico city.

The United States Secretary of State, General George Marshall, who was to have used the 'Sacred Cow' on his trip to Moscow for the Foreign Ministers' Conference will use his own plane instead.

BR. CABINET RESHUFFLE?

Sequel To Ill-Health Of Bevin And Morrison

LONDON, March 2 (A.P.A.): Big British Cabinet changes within six months were forecast today in the "Sunday Pictorial."

The "Pictorial's" political correspondent, referring to the ill-health of Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin and Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, said that a change for both or either of "these important mainstays of Mr. Attlee's Cabinet will necessitate big changes."

The paper suggested that Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Aneurin Bevan, Minister of Health, and Mr. John Strachey, Minister of Food, were likely to increase in importance in a Cabinet reshuffle.

LOCAL BODIES PROTEST

Karnatak Conference Resents Encroachment On Their Powers

HUBLI, March 2 (A.P.I.): The Karnataka Divisional Conference of Local Bodies concluded its Session this morning after passing 38 resolutions. Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, presiding.

The Conference, through one of the main resolutions, after pointing out their apprehension about the Government contemplating taking over the entire administration of primary education from the local Bodies, invited Government's attention to the recommendations of the Kale Committee regarding the encroachment of power of Local Bodies by the appointment of 'Ad Hoc' bodies. The Conference further requested the Government to give in their charge utility services like electricity, transport etc.

Grant of adequate finances to Local Bodies in order to defray the expenses these bodies had to incur on many essential expenditure such as school building medical aid, water supply, sanitation etc., was sought for from the Government by other resolutions.

Mr. S. K. Patil left for Bombay by Poona Mail this afternoon.

CHANDPUR (TIPPERAH), March 2.

(A. P. I.): The Government of Bengal have sanctioned for the present Rs. 58,000 for Noakhali district and Rs. 9,500 for Chandpur sub-division, for the restoration of places of public worship which have been damaged or destroyed in the recent disturbances. The collectors have been authorised to make free grants not exceeding Rs. 500 in each case.

Princes To Seek Fresh Mandate

CHANCELLOR'S REPLY TO CONSEMBLY OFFER

"Attlee's Latest Declaration Has Altered Political Situation"

NEW DELHI, March 2, (A.P.I.): A joint press communique issued by the secretaries of the Constituent Assembly and the Chamber of Princes says:—

"The States Negotiating Committee of the Chamber of Princes and the States Committee of the Constituent Assembly concluded their deliberations this morning.

"They generally accepted the recommendations of their two Secretariates as regards the allocation of seats among the different States and authorised the making of such minor modifications as are considered necessary by the parties concerned.

"They also agreed that not less than 50 percent of the total representatives of States shall be elected by the elected members of Legislatures or, where such Legislatures do not exist, of other electoral colleges.

"The States would endeavour to increase the quota of elected representatives to as much above 50 percent of the total number as possible.

"It was decided to set up a committee, consisting of the following members, to consider the modifications referred to above and other matters of detail that might arise from time to time and to report, if necessary, to the two Negotiating Committees:

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.
Sir N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar
Sir V. T. Krishnamachari.
Sir Sultan Ahmed.
Sir B. N. Rau.
Mir Maqbool Mahmood.
Mr. H. V. R. Iengar.

To Be Referred To Rulers' Conference

NEW DELHI, March 2. (A.P.I.): The agreement reached between the two negotiating committees to-day was considered at a meeting of the States Constitutional Advisory Committee and later by the Standing Committee of Princes, and both the bodies agreed to refer the agreement for approval by a general conference of rulers to be called early next month.

At the meeting of the States' Constitutional Advisory Committee according to an official summary of the proceedings, the Nawab of Bhopal, Chancellor reviewed the progress made so far in the discussions between the two negotiating committees at their meetings on March 1 and 2

BHOPAL EXPLAINS.

His Highness explained that the states individually could not enter the various sub-committees appointed by the Constituent Assembly and that the States Negotiating Committee was the only authoritative body which could select nominees for the various sub-committees of the Constituent Assembly. In support of this, His Highness explained that only two or three seats were being offered to the states on these various committees and therefore it was obviously impossible for any one state to claim representation in these bodies.

After the Chancellor's address there was general discussion on the main points emerging from to-day's meeting of the two Negotiating Committees.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar, dewan of Travancore, whole-heartedly supported the views expressed by the Chancellor as to the stage at which the states should join the various sub-committees of the Constituent Assembly itself.

FOR IMMEDIATE ACCEPTANCE.

Sardar H. S. Malik, Prime Minister of Patiala, Sardar K. M. Panikkar, Prime Minister of Bikaner, Mr. M. A. Srinivasan, of Gwalior and Sir T. Vijayaraghavacharya of Udaipur expressed themselves in favour of accepting immediately the invitation to join the various sub-committees set up by the Constituent Assembly instead of waiting for the matter to be taken up by the general conference of rulers.

Mr. Dhanda, Commerce Minister, Indore, opposed the above suggestion and urged that no decision on these subjects should be taken without prior reference to and approval of the general conference of rulers.

His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal intervening in the debate said that as Chancellor he felt himself unable to make any commitments on these vital issues without obtaining a fresh mandate from his brother princes. This had become all the more necessary, said His Highness, in view of the altered political situation resulting from the British Prime Minister's latest declaration. The Princes present at the meeting endorsed these remarks of the Chancellor.

CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE

NEW DELHI, March 2 (A.P.I.): The General Secretary of the Congress announces that the meeting of the Working Committee will be held in New Delhi on March 6 at 9 a. m.

Etna Pours Out Flowing Lava

ROME, March 2 (Reuter): The Etna volcano in Sicily has thrown up a total of 23 new craters since the latest eruption began, and lava is flowing down the mountain-side in quantity increasing the alarm among the villagers living on the slopes of the mountain, latest reports from the Catania correspondent of the "Messagero" said.

The old front of lava descending Mr Monte Cacciatore towards Passo Piciaro has been almost overrun by another 300 metres wide front, of which the speed is reported to be 100 metres hourly.

Estimates of the damage done by the eruption so far place it as 150,000,000 lire (about £166,000), but it is believed that the estimates will later be increased.

NEW CONSTITUTION FOR SIND

Education Minister's Plea To Jinnah

KARACHI, March 2 (A.P.I.): In the course of a communication to Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, Pir Illahibux Education Minister, referring to H M. G. declaration to transfer power to Indian hands by June 1948, suggests framing of a new constitution for Sind as a Sovereign State.

Pir Illahibux suggests separate committees to be set up by the Muslim League to frame constitutions for other Muslim Provinces.

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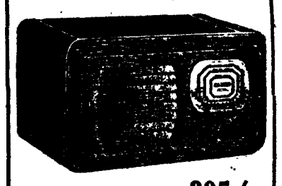

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It Happened In Bombay

A well known citizen of Bombay went to a big store and asked for a packet of Parle's Monaco biscuits. "Sorry, out of stock", said the dealer. The customer then asked for Parle's Gluco biscuits but once again the dealer offered an apology with the explanation that Parle's had had no wheat flour since 1st January, 1947. Thereupon the customer flew into a rage and demanded how he accounted for other brands of biscuits on the shelves—why only Parle's should show the effects of the wheat flour shortage. As the shopkeeper could offer no explanation, the displeased customer walked out.

Well, here is the correct explanation. Some biscuits are made in Northern India where the wheat position is better than in Bombay where Parle's are manufactured. To those fastidious people who must have biscuits made and baked the exclusive "Parle" way we say: Please keep asking for them because limited supplies of Gluco Biscuits exclusively are sent to dealers and you can often succeed in getting a packet or two. We expect supplies of wheat flour to be resumed by April.

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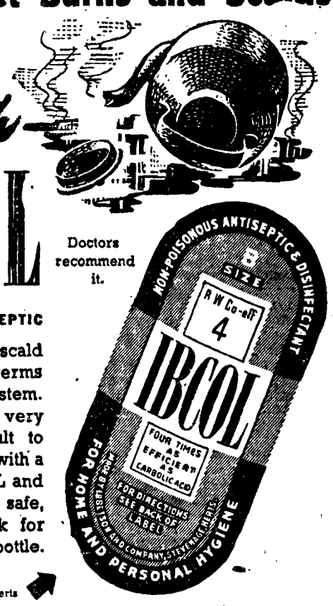

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The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Are Goan Players Eligible To Play For Portugal?

By J. C. MAITRA

Are Goan players eligible to play for Portugal in the world Olympic Games? This question has been raised in the ensuing meeting of the Indian Hockey Federation which will be held in Bombay shortly. It is said that Portugal may enter a hockey team in the next world Olympic Games. In that case, will the Goan players, who are Portuguese subjects, be permitted to play for Portugal? I do not think so. According to the Olympic rules, a player can represent only the country of his birth. As Goa is a part of India—and not Portugal,—Goan players can represent only India, and not Portugal.

In the past Goan players have represented India in the Olympic Games and other international matches. I have no doubt some of them will be selected for the next games too. But those who are not selected for India, can go to Portugal and represent that country. Apart from the birth qualification it must be remembered that these players are now registered with one association or another affiliated to the I.H.F. They are therefore not registered with the controlling body in Portugal. How can Portugal certify that these players whoever they might select from India, belong to them and they are registered with them? A player cannot be registered with two countries—or two provinces—at the same time. To my mind, the above suggestion is absolutely ridiculous.

EXCELLENT IDEA

It is an excellent idea on the part of the Honorary Secretary of the I. H. F. that a number of prospective players for the next Olympic Games be now selected and sent around the country to play exhibition matches with a view to raise funds for the tour next year. I need hardly mention that a fairly large sum of money will be required for the purpose and the I.H.F. will have to find it somehow. If all the affiliated associations paid their quota there would be no need to send the hat round or arrange such a tour as mentioned above.

But past experience shows that the I.H.F. cannot wholly depend on the support of the affiliated bodies for the necessary expenses of the trip. So these exhibition matches are necessary. That does not mean that only those players who make the tour will alone be eligible for selection. If any player shines in the Inter-Provincial Tournament next year should certainly be considered.

TOURS ABROAD

It is gratifying to note that the Table Tennis and Badminton players who have been selected by their national controlling bodies to represent India in the coming international matches in Europe, will be able to play in them after all. At one time it was feared that they would not be able to do so owing to financial difficulties. Bombay was blamed for letting down the A.I.T.T.A. in refusing to pay its quota. I understand however that Bombay alone was not to be blamed. There were others also who failed to contribute their shares. However, the difficulty has been overcome and the selected players have started on their journey. The Badminton players will follow soon. I hope they will make a good show wherever they play. In any case, the experience they gain will be of immense value to this country in future.

INDIA LOSE SWATHLING CUP

World Table Tennis Championships

PARIS, March 2 (Reuter). When the World Table Tennis Championships continued here today, India beat Switzerland by five matches to three in men's competition for the Swathling Cup, but later lost to France by five to nil.

The results against Switzerland were:—

Godrej (India) beat Povtal 21/13, 21/15.

Urchetti (Switzerland) beat Godrej 21/18, 21/19.

Chandarana (India) beat Portal 19/21, 22/20, 21/16.

Meyer (Switzerland) beat Chandarana 21/15, 21/17.

Godrej (India) beat Meyer 9/17, 20/14, 19/18 (All sets were occupying the limit of 20 minutes, so that the leader each time was adjudged the winner).

Vithal (India) beat Portal 21/14, 18/21, 21/14.

Urchetti (Switzerland) beat Vithal 21/11, 21/12.

Chandarana (India) beat Meyer 21/15, 21/18.

GHAUS TRIUMPHS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), March 2 (A. P. I.): Ghaus Mohammed annexed the singles titles of the Hyderabad and Deccan States Championship tournament, beating Kalsar in three straight sets this evening. (6/3, 6/3, 6/3).

Miss Woodbridge beat Miss Khanna of Punjab in the women's singles final event. (7/5, 6/4).

BROTHERS CLUB'S EASY WIN

Invitation Hockey Final: Winners Move With Confidence

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Brothers Club, Lahore 3
Delhi Independents 0

The Brothers Club from Lahore emerged as the first winners of the Rao Trophy that goes to the winners of the Invitation Tournament. Their victory was not very difficult except perhaps for the first quarter of an hour during which they had to ward off persistent and often dangerous looking attacks to their goal.

The losers started very brightly and with the support of the crowd, who were moved by their sporting spirit during their preceding rounds, looked almost like getting the lead quite early in the game. But then against the run of play, Ved Prakash shot the ball in from a scramble and from then onwards the role of the attacker changed hands. The winners then moved smoothly and with confidence and then the issue of the match seldom appeared to be in any doubt.

Just before half time Nandi was fortunate in scoring the second goal. The only goal that was scored during the second half was easily the best of the match; Inder after a solo run of some thirty yards parted with the ball some twenty yards in front of the goal from where the left winger took over and once inside the circle scored from a going away angle.

Gentle was again sound and played well during the forty-five minutes or so during which his goal came under heavy pressure.

The teams: Brothers Club, Lahore: Anwar; Trilochan Singh and Tirlok Chander; Hamid, Keshav and Haq; Saroop, Nandi, Inder, Mohammad and Ved Prakash.

Delhi Independent: Munir; Niaz and Gentle; Qadir, Taki and Mehtab; Anson, Aziz, Jamshed, Mansoor and Qayum.

Indian Team For Australia

17 Cricketers To Be Selected: Sailing By End Of Sept.

The Board of Control For Cricket In India will meet at Delhi on Monday, (17th March) at 6 p. m. by which time the selectors of the Indian team to tour Australia have been requested to hand over the selected team to the Secretary of the Board who will present it to the President at the meeting for announcement to the Board.

The Final Trial match will also be played in Delhi on 15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th March.

The Selectors will submit the names of 17 players, and the Board will decide whether to send 16 or 17 players to Australia. It will also elect the Selection Committee in Australia for picking teams to play in the various matches dyring the tour. This Committee will include the Captain and the Vice-Captain.

The Vice-Captain of the team will be selected by the Board at the meeting.

It is expected that the team will sail in the last week of September, or the first week of October. The Hon. Secretary, Mr. Pankaj Gupta, is in communication with London regarding the necessary arrangements and the date of the sailing.

The Board will consider the selection of one player for coaching in England for which purpose a certain amount has been set aside from the handsome donation of the Tobacco Company to the Board.

C.C.I. PRESIDENT'S APPEAL

Appreciating what the cancellation of his trip to England would mean to Amarnath—India's star all-rounder—financially, the President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, Mr. A. S. DeMello, has an appeal to the Maharaja of Patiala, to all cricket lovers and sportsmen generally in this country to donate generously to a fund that the President proposes to start with a view to reimbursing Amarnath for the loss he will sustain by the sacrifice he is called upon to make in the interests of his country. All contributions may be sent to Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan, Public Relations Officer of the Board, at Ahmed Manzil, Warden Road, Bombay

Ranji Trophy Final: Rival Teams

BARODA, March 2 (A.P.I.): The Holkar State will meet Baroda in the final of the cricket championship of India for the Ranji Trophy commencing here on March 7.

The following are the teams: HOLKAR STATE:—C. K. Naidu (Capt.), Mushtaq Ali, C. S. Naidu, C. T. Sarwate, N. M. Jagdale, J. N. Bhayya, B. B. Nimbalkar, H. Gaikwad, Ramesh, Pratap Singh and O. P. Rawal

BARODA:—R. B. Nimbalkar (Capt., The Yuvaraja of Baroda, S. G. Pawar, V. S Hazare, H R Adhikari M M Naidu, Amir Elahi, Gul Mahmed, Vivek Hazare, Yakub Shaikh and Ahmed Patel.

12th man: S. Vichare.

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Nazis' Plan For Bacterial War

Revelations By French Scientist Sequel To Arrests Of 800 Germans

LONDON, March 2. (Reuter): Details behind the recent arrest of 800 members of a new Nazi underground organisation were revealed in London by Dr. Robert Borel, a French scientist, who is the General Secretary of the International Committee for study of European questions.

Declaring that this organisation had large German assets in the Argentine and Switzerland, Dr. Borel said that it dreamed of a triumphant Reich plan to open newer and more horrible attack on civilisation.

This was to take the form of spreading epidemics like diphtheria and typhus, ruination of crops and destruction of livestocks by foot and mouth disease. We have a man—not a German but who speaks fluent German—who is in the Nazi underground organisation and who has told us of this secret silent weapon being manufactured.

"According to his information it would be possible for persons with umbrellas and despatch cases to carry bacilli and spread them in powder form in underground trains and other vehicles".

In a seven-page report, which Dr. Borel's organisation has sent to the Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee and the Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin as well as the Premiers and Foreign Ministers of France, Belgium, Denmark, Norway, United States and Russia, the following facts are given "in the hope that they will have most careful attention".

"In spite of recent denials a great part of the economic potential hidden abroad by the Axis powers has neither been handed over to the ex-Allied countries nor liquidated. Several hundred German concerns exist in Argentina—60 of them valued at 90,000,000 dollars. The measures taken by the Argentine Government give no guarantee whatsoever concerning liquidation of these German assets. In addition nothing has been made known by the Allied powers as to the steps they contemplate taking concerning ex-enemy assets in other South American countries. All German assets exported into Switzerland before the collapse of Germany remain in the hands of Nazi leaders who succeeded in finding refuge there".

A WARNING

Dr. Borel who met a large gathering of newspapermen in "Kensington's House of Secrets"—the London headquarters of the organisation which uncovered this latest Nazi plot to wage germ war—issued a warning that many Germans were still escaping through Sweden and finding their way to South America. These men after changing their identity, joined up with the Nazi network which consists of former S. S. men and men and women collaborators from other countries.

Dr. Borel concluded: "It is likely that where you had a fifth column before the last war you will have pre-war sabotage of public health before the next war".

BRITAIN'S BENEFIT FROM WORLD BANK

LONDON, March 2. (Reuter): The appointment of Mr. John McCloy as President of the World Bank and the resignation of M. Emillio Collado as its United States Executive Director have an important bearing on world economic problems including those of Britain, France, the Far East and Latin America, writes Sydney Gampell, Reuters' financial editor.

Now that the World Bank has a head it is likely to find a borrowing policy. Then and not until then it can lend. This is of the most immediate importance to countries, such as France, Denmark and Chile, whose applications for loans from the World Bank are well advanced. But it may be the most important for Britain though Britain herself does not intend to borrow from this Bretton Woods institution.

By far the most ominous part of the British Government's recent White Paper was the statement that the dollar problem within Britain's total balance of payments can be wholly solved only by economic recovery of Europe and the Far East In the balances of payments of all major trading countries and that dollar loans must last. Britain not only until she redresses her own balance of payments but also until this special dollar problem is solved.

If, however, the World Bank is now to provide Europe and the Far East with a supply of dollars, Britain has a chance of earning dollars from those areas.

Conference Of Pandits

In connection with the annual celebration of the "Aradhana" of Sri Vadiraja Thirtha, from the 3rd of March to the 10th (both days inclusive) at the Udipi Sri Krishna Mandiram (Sunkuvar Street, Triplicane, Madras) it is proposed to hold a "Vidwat-Sabha" (Conference of Pandits) when Examinations will be conducted in the different branches of Sanskrit Sastra, and suitable "Sambhavanas" (cash - presents) would be awarded to sucessful candidates. The examinations will be open to all students of philosophy belonging to Dvaita, Visishtadvaita and Advaita schools of philosophy.

Intending candidates are requested to apply to Sri P. P. Lakshminarayana Upadhyaya, Mysore Asthana Vidwan, Udipi Sri Krishna Mandiram, Triplicane, Madras.

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Feb. 27: Widespread satisfaction has been cause among the subjects of Idar State by the appeal strongly made at the 22nd annual gathering of the Idar Prajakiya Mandal held in Bombay on Saturday night under the presidentship of Shrimati Lilavati Munshi, to H. H. the Maharaj of Idar State to lose no more time in honouring his solemn pledge in favour of granting full responsible Government to his people by setting up a Lok Sabha at Himatnagar.

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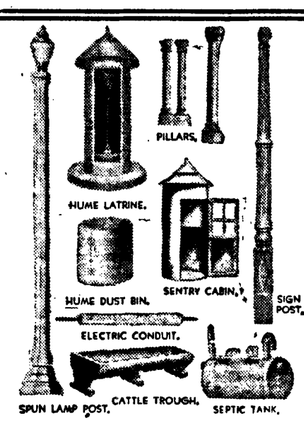

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SHEHR SE DUR
AT
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 6-30, 9
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SWASTIK
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Starring: MUMTAZ SHANTI, WASTI KRISHNA
3rd WEEK
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A WOMAN'S HEART
was the cause of the
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ON WED. & THURS.
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In his most spectacular adventure picture.
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BOMBAY FRUIT AND FLOWER SHOW

Mayor's Appeal To Landlords To Beautify Houses

BOMBAY, Sunday.

There was good attendance at the Municipal Vegetable, Fruit and Flower Show which was declared open by the Mayor Mr. M. I. Rowji at the Elphinstone Circle Gardens and Town Hall this morning. In the evening a pleasant function came off at the Town Hall when prizes were distributed by Mrs. Rowji to the winners.

The majority of exhibits in the show are housed in the Elphinstone Gardens. The cut flowers, the mass floral decorations and the exhibition of paintings are in the Town Hall. Among the items worth seeing in the garden are a fine group of flowering and foliage plants. In the Town Hall some green roses attracted the attention of all.

The Show was divided into twenty sections, and a silver cup worth Rs. 50 was offered as a prize to the best exhibit in each section. About 250 more prizes were offered in cash. A panel of thirty judges headed by Sir Chintaman D. Deshmukh did the work of selection. The Mayor's cup for the best utility garden was won by Mr. B. P. Seerval. The Corporation's cup for the best home garden went to Mrs. J. K. Modi.

Declaring the Show open the Mayor expressed the hope that the Municipal executive would try their level best to make the show more and more popular every year.

The Mayor said that in China and Japan such shows formed a great annual event in the life of the nation. It was therefore in the fitness of things that Bombay as the premier city of India should go ahead in providing this amenity to its citizens. The city was so thickly populated and open spaces showing the natural beauty of flowers and gardens could rarely be found. He appealed to landlords of the city to utilize the open spaces around their estates for growing flowers and vegetables.

Khetwadi Area To Pay Rs. 180 As Collective Fine

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A collective fine of Rs. 180 has been imposed in Khetwadi area in connection with the recent disturbances in Bombay as under: Govardhan Building—Five shopkeepers and one pan stall keeper; Trikamdas Mulji Building—one shopkeeper and one sugar cane stall keeper; and Moti Mansion—One bidi shopkeeper. Khetwadi Main Road, Khetwadi.

THE MUNICIPAL VEGETABLE, FRUIT & FLOWER SHOW
MONDAY, 3rd 8 A. M.
To 12 Noon (S. T.) March.
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CITY AND SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Falgun Shud 11, 2003.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akir 9, 1366.
Parsi: Meher 1, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-57 a.m. Sunset: 6-45 p.m.
Hightide: 08-16, 22-10.
Lowtide: 03-17, 14-55.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3 p.m. (B. T.).

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

SALDANHA—Ubaldo Peter, beloved husband of Amy, and father of Eric and Oswald, at Mangalore on 1st March.

Today's Engagements

AT YCU TODAY: "Suggestion" meeting at Youths' Own Union—YOU—today at Gama Oriental Institute's (Library) Hall, at 6-15 p.m.

H. A. & I. EXHIBITION: Opening Ceremony of Home Arts and Industries Exhibition Sale by the Sheriff of Bombay Mrs. Mithan Lam, at C. J. Hall, Fort, at 5-30 p.m. Open till 8th. Entrance free.

VIOLIN RECITAL: A violin recital by Mr. Homi Kanga will be held at 6-30 p.m., on 10th March, at the Sir C. J. Hall

WORKERS' FREE NIGHT SCHOOL: Today, at 8 p.m., Mr. Ganpati Shankar Desai, Chairman, Schools Committee, will open the Workers' Free Night School, at Chowpaty Municipal Urdu School.

BHAGINI SAMAJ: Bhagini Samaj T. N. M. Bal Mandir annual social at Bal Mandir premises, Simla House, Mathew Road, Opera House, at 5 p.m., today, under the presidentship of Miss Indumati Chimanlal Sheth, Parliamentary Secretary to Government of Bombay.

A. I. WOMEN'S CONFERENCE: Meeting at 3-30 p.m. today, in Bhagini Samaj Hall, Sarojini Road, Vile Parle (West), when Lady Ramrao, President All-India Women's Conference, will speak on the Annual Session of Akola.

"F" WARD CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY: A meeting of the workers and sympathisers today, at 6-30 p.m., at the Congress Socialist Party Office, 39, Patel Terrace, Parel, to devise ways and means to oppose the Rent Control Bill now before the Assembly.

FREE URDU CLASS AT PARLE: An Urdu Class in Urdu Script will open today, at 7 p.m. The classes will be held twice a week—Monday and Thursday—from 7 to 8 p.m., at the corner of Shradhanand Road, Sitadham Building, first floor. A separate class for women may be arranged if the number exceeds one dozen.

CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION: The problems relating to public health and sanitation will be discussed at a Conference to be organised by the Social Workers' Society, on Saturday (29th) and Sunday (30th) March. Dr. J. M. Kumarappa of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences will preside, and there will be speeches and discussions on the different aspects of the problems. Organisations and citizens wishing to join may communicate to Miss P. N. Nariman, Jt. Hon. Secretary, Social Workers' Society, 207, Bazar Gate St., Fort.

PREVIEW OF KEITH'S EXHIBITION: A.-I. Radio, Bombay, will broadcast at 7-00 p.m., today (Monday), a preview of Keith's Exhibition of paintings commencing on the 4th. Those who take part will be R. V. Leyden, Wayne Hartwell and Winston Charrier, and at 5-45 p.m., Mr. Jabir Ali will broadcast a talk on "Flower Show and Our Gardens".

MAZDAZNAN: Mr. Phirozshah D. Mehta, just back from Europe, on "The origin and development of Indian Civilization and Culture" today, at 6 p.m., at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road.

Hindi Patrakar Sangh Office-Bearers

A general meeting of Hindi Patrakar (Journalist) Sangh was held at Vishwamitra Karyalaya on 2nd March, when following office-bearers were elected for the year 1947-48:—

President:—Pt. Sitaram Chaturvedi, Vice-President:—Pt. Karunashankar Pandya, Secretary:—Pt. Shridhar Pathak, Joint Secretary:—Mangaldeo Sharma, Treasurer:—Manudatta Tripathi.

Mahalaxmi Bobbin Workers On Strike

The Gen. Secretary, Mahalaxmi Bobbin Workers' Union writes:—

Nearly 120 workers of the Mahalaxmi Bobbins Mfg. Co. Ltd. at Mahim laid down their tools as a protest against the management, when they asked 21 temporary workers to take their pay of the previous month and refused to give them new identity cards. The management said they will be allowed to work on daily system, that is they should take their daily wages that very evening and go home. The workers protesting against this sort of discrimination stayed away from work.

Rice Quantum Restored In Karwar

KARWAR, March 2. (A.P.I.): The cut of 40 per cent in the rice quantum imposed from November 22 last is being fully restored from yesterday, with the increase of one seer of rice per adult per fortnight. Every adult will, accordingly, receive five sseers of rice per fortnight besides other foodgrains. Due to continued scarcity of gur felt in this district, the Government has decided to import two hundred tons of gur from outside and distribute it to the local people.

TODAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, March 3.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Song of Week (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 S. V. Patwardhan (Pakhawaj) 8-45 Panditrao Nagarkar Pad (K. P. Khadilkar) 9-0 Vatsalabai Parvatkar (Deska).

12-0 p.m. Programme of special interest to women (H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mixed Melodies 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 S. V. Patwardhan (Pakhawaj) 5-15 Sulochana Mhapeskar (Hanskinkini) 5-35 Sardar Mansur (Thumri) 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Stage Songs from "Khaivadhu" 6-30 Hiralal Nakshigara (Gujarati Pad) 6-45 Ramchandra (Marathi songs) 7-0 Monday Special 7-15 S. V. Patwardhan (Pakhawaj) 7-30 Anwar Khan (Baroda) (Puria) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Musical Round-up (from Delhi) 8-55 Musical Interlude 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Art Time (by Dr. D. G. Vyas) 10-0 Anwar Khan (Hem-Nat) 10-30 Vatsalabai Parvatkar (Behagda).

U.S. ADURKAR FELICITATED

BOMBAY, Sunday.

To congratulate Mr. V. S. Adurkar on his being appointed the first Indian Director of the J. J. School of Art, the Association of Young Artists held a meeting this afternoon at the Modern School, Vithalbhai Patel Road, when a number of speakers eulogised his abilities and achievements and wished him success in his new task.

Dr. D. G. Vyas presided.

Dr. Vyas, in his speech observed that Mr. Adurkar was a "multi-sided genius", and it might be expected that every section in the School of Art, would get equal attention in future. He hoped that the new Director would enhance the prestige of Bombay as a province devoted to art.

Mr. Girani hoped that in the School of Art, under the new regime, predominance would be given to Indian Art.

Among others who spoke were Mr. V. V. Oak, Secretary of the Bombay Art Society and Mr. Kalyanji Karamsi Damji, President of the Young Artists' Association and Mr. K. K. Hebbar.

W. I. A. A. STRIKE

The Secretary of the Western India Automobile Association Staff Union writes:—

With reference to the statement of the President of the W. I. A. A. which appeared recently in some of the local newspapers, I would like to explain the Union case which is as under:

The Staff of the Western India Automobile Association is very poorly paid. Dearness allowance of Rs. 7 was paid to the peons and Car Park Attendants and 20 per cent of the salary to the clerks, up to October 1946. This was increased to Rs. 20 and 35 respectively after the Union was formed.

All requests for revision of service conditions were treated with contempt by the management of the Association. The staff was compelled to form the Union to represent its case to the management. But this aggravated the relations further because the management refused to deal with the Union. Even the request of the Union to refer the points of dispute to arbitration was rejected by the management. Consequently, the staff was forced to resort to strike, which is now 56 days old.

It is now an accepted principle that the employees have a right to form the Union and elect such Office bearers as they may choose. The objection of the President that Mr. G. G. Mehta, President of the Union, is an "outsider" can find no support and invoke sympathy.

The President has brought some of his relatives to work as black-legs and they are only adding to the confusion.

The Association may not be a business concern. But this plea cannot give it leisure to trample on the legitimate rights of the employees and put them into difficulty and also trouble the Association members unnecessarily.

ALL-INDIA ENGLISH TEACHERS' CONFERENCE

The following is a questionnaire prepared by the local committee of the third All-India English Teachers' Conference:—

(Note:—(1) University and College English Staffs are requested to give their collective opinions, clearly and briefly.

(2) Notes on any of the following questions or on any other pertinent matter will be welcome; these will be forwarded to a special Sub-Committee for consideration and report at a later date.

(3) The Conference will discuss the collective opinions of the Staffs at its next sitting (March 16th, 17th and 18th 1947). It is, therefore, requested that, these be sent per Registered Post not later than the 8th of March 1947 to the Secretary of the Conference.)

Q. I. What place should English Studies, (linguistic and literary), occupy in the new scheme of Indian Education? You are requested to examine this problem with special reference to the following issues:—

(a) Should Compulsory English continue to be a subject at all stages —excepting the Post graduate—of Indian Education? If so, what should be (i) its nature, and (ii) its scope? (b) Should we confine ourselves to Basic English at any stage? If not, why not? (c) What should be the place of English Grammar in the pre-University Curriculum? (d) Should English be taught direct or through the Medium of the Indian languages? (e) Should English be allowed to figure only as a compulsory second language at the pre-University stage? If so, should the teaching of English start in the IVth class (as at present) or in the VIIth class? (f) In the new pre-University scheme where should the emphasis be; (i) on Spoken English, (ii) the reading and understanding of English, (iii) composition and writing? (g) Should the courses in English for the pre-University stage be redrafted to meet the new situation? If so, should the new courses be more literary or more purposive and cultural, i.e., including a large admixture of social, historical, moral, and scientific material? (h) If view of the shifting of emphasis from English to Modern Indian Languages do you approve of: (i) the radical overhauling of English courses as a whole to suit new conditions, or (ii) a lowering of the standard of Optional English, English Literature courses?

Q. II. In view of the changed circumstances should more emphasis be placed on an efficient Tutorial System, replacing the General English class, and Supplementing the Lecture Work—(b) Should Tutorial work aim chiefly at (i) proficiency in spoken and written English, or (ii) cultivating taste, widening of interest, and building up of character? (c) Do you agree that without an efficient Departmental Tutorial Seminar Library System for (i) under-graduate, and (ii) post-graduate work, any genuine improvement would be impossible?

CITY'S NEW MILK SCHEME

Govt.'s Apologia For Failure On Opening Day

BOMBAY, Saturday.

The Milk Commissioner regrets that on the morning of the opening day (March 1) of the new Scheme, many people suffered annoyance and were put to inconvenience on account of milk either not being received at all or being received very late at certain centres.

These delays and failures were due partly to an unfortunate breakdown in transport which could not be rectified in time, and partly because the Scheme was new to the staff concerned.

In order to make up for deficit through the morning failure, in cases where members of the public were not able to obtain milk against their cards or where any such make-up cannot be arranged later in the month, actual refund of cash will be made against portions of milk cards concerned.

Desai Explains Govt.s Scheme

In the course of a broadcast on Saturday, on the milk scheme, Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, Government of Bombay said: Today, marks the close of one such scheme—the scheme for the distribution of subsidised milk for children and expectant mothers. The subsidised milk scheme entailed an annual expenditure of nearly Rs. one crore and twenty-five lacs. The benefit of the scheme was extended only to Bombay, the Bombay Suburban District and Poona. On resumption of Provincial Government by a popular ministry there was pressure for the introduction of a similar scheme in several other urban areas. This would have involved a huge outlay of Provincial resources.

The only way therefore for the Government was to discontinue the subsidised milk scheme.

The subsidised milk scheme gave no permanent solution of the milk problem for the urban areas to which it was extended. It was, therefore, necessary to substitute something more substantial.

It is, therefore, that the Government has decided to take up the long term measures which aim at improvement in the local cattle breeds, provision of better environment for the cattle, arrangements for complete control on the production and distribution of milk under hygienic conditions and at economic prices.

Government, therefore, proposes to remove all cattle stables from Bombay City and Suburbs to suitable sites outside

Government has taken up from today a scheme for the distribution in Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District a limited quantity of milk under hygienic conditions and at economic prices. Milk will be sold at cost price. Government will bear all distribution charges. It will take some time to make necessary adjustments but I can assure the public that all possible attempts will be made to remove inconveniences and assure clean wholesome milk to the public regularly.

AGREE TO THIRD SHIFT WORK TEMPORARILY

AHMEDABAD, March 2 (A.P.I.): Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour, Bombay, replying a deputation of the joint board of representatives of the Textile Labour Association who had protested against work in third shift in textile mills, advised them to agree to third shift work temporarily to help the community at this critical juncture.

He assured the deputationists that their views and suggestions in this connection would receive careful and sympathetic consideration and, in order to avod forcing the workers into a third shift, every avenue of making up the deficiency in cloth would be explored

The perpetuation of the third shift was undesirable, Mr. Nanda added, and steps woul dbe taken to remove the need for it as early as possible.

Indian To Manufacture Quality Plywood

India will now be able to manufacture quality plywood which will stand foreign competition. A bonding composition, which has stood up to exacting tests, has been developed in the laboratories of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. The raw materials required are available in the country and the equipment for the process can be easily fabricated.

Details about the cost of the composition and the tests carried out are given in a note in the December (1946) issue of the "Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research", New Delhi. The cost of the composition works out at 8 as per lb. and that of bonding to less than 2 as per sq. ft.

AIR MAILS FOR NEWFOUNDLAND: Air mail articles from India for Newfoundland hitherto carried by air up to U. K., will now be sent by air up to Canada and transmitted thence by the surface route to their destination. Articles intended for transmission by air up to Canada should be superscribed "India-United Kingdom-Canada" and a blue air mail label should be affixed at the top left hand corner. The rate of air-mail fee is Re. 1/7 for letters and packets in addition to ordinary postage, while the rate for postcards is eight annas per postcard inclusive of postage. The existing air mail service to Newfoundland will also continue at the existing rate of annas 14 inclusive of ordinary postage and air mail fee.

Manufacture Of Dyes In India

Chemicals which are valuable as intermediates in the production of fast dyes have been produced on pilot plant scale in the laboratories of the Presidency College, Madras, under a scheme of research financed by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, New Delhi. Besides dyes of bluish red, bluish violet and pure bordeux shades, a series of dyes insoluble in water or oil, but particularly valuable as pigments in the paint industry have been obtained by applying the electro reduction technique. These processes are described in two articles in the "Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research."

BAN ON THREE I.P.T.A. BALLETS

BOMBAY, March 2 (A.P.I.): The Government of Bombay, it is understood, have served an order on the Indian People's Theatre Association, prohibiting them from exhibiting in public three of their ballets—the Kashmir Struggle ballet. The R.I.N. Revolt Ballet and the riot ballet.

The Indian People's Theatre Association which is described to be a non-political and non-communal organisation of amateurs hold musical programmes, and stage ballets, and dramatical performances depicting the events from India's mythology and history and current political and economic happenings

VIET NAM RELEASE 16 FRENCH AND 13 INDIAN CIVILIANS

HANOI March 1, (A.P.A.): Viet Namese authorities today released 16 French civilians along with 13 Indians who had been held in the interior since the outbreak of hostilities.

The release was effected through the international red cross, represented in Hanoi by Charles Rechilmann, delegate for South-Eastern Asia

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, March 2, (A. P. I.): Following is weather chart showing maximum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past twenty-four hours from 1st November, 1946, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on March 2, 1947:—

Ahmedabad 91 66 0 1.1 plus 0.8, Bangalore 87 68 0 8.6 plus 5.0, Belgaum 91 65 0 6.3 plus 4.2, BOMBAY 88 75 0 7.1 plus 6.2, Calcutta 93 18 0 2.5 minus 0.1, Colombo 86 75 0 39.4 plus 14.7, Cuttack 90 66 0 7.5 plus 4.5, Darjeeling 55 43 0 1.4 minus 1.5, Dehra Dun 79 50 05.1 minus 1.1, Delhi 85 52 0 0.7 minus 1.7, Karachi 81 67 0 0.1 minus 1.1, Lahore 84 52 0 1.5 minus 1.2, Lucknow 90 56 0.1 2.1 plus 0.1, Madras 88 77 0 56.5 plus 35.2, Mahabaleshwar 66 65 0— 11.7 plus 9. Mysore 88 70 0 10.4 plus 6.9, Nagpur 95 67 0 11.0 plus 8.7, Ootacamund 71 50 18.1 plus 8.2, Pachmarhi 85 58 0 14.6 plus 12.1, Peshawar 80 50 0 3.8 minus 0.3, Poona 98 65 0 6.5 plus 5.1, Rajkot 88 57 0 1.1 plus 0.7, Rawalpindi 78 49 0 4.9 minus 1.8. Shillong 63 48 0 0.8 minus 2.7, Sholapur 97 63 0 2.5 plus 0.5, Srinagar 61 35 0 8.1 plus 0.5. Surat 92 67 0 7.5 plus 6.9.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Pity for the sharp-toothed panther is cruelty to the sheep.

—Sadi

The Bombay Chronicle

NEW ORDER IN INDIAN FINANCE

The reactions among the public in general to the first budget of the Indian National Government are indicative of great hopes of a new order of social justice and economic progress. A century of foreigners' budgeting for this country had kept India severely aloof from those ideals of national finance which the present Finance Member has proclaimed in no uncertain accent. We must sincerely congratulate the first Indian Finance Member of the Government of India, free from any bureaucratic taint or alien influence, on his budget, not only as to the actual content but also the spirit that animates his pronouncement about principles and projects. It is the more refreshing, as it offers a remarkable contrast to the railway budget presented by his colleague, the Transport Member, a fortnight ago, though it must be admitted that Dr. Mathai had both limited time and limited field at his disposal. While the railway budget showed unmistakable signs of impending depression, the proposals of the erudite Transport Member scarcely indicated a single new idea away from the beaten track, a single thought of social justice, which inspires and pervades Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan's performance. Even the proposal for the increase in fares and rates, submitted by the Transport Member, made no distinction on the basis of varying taxable capacity of the several classes and it was only after the hardest hitting that he probably received within the Party ranks, as well as in the House, that the grudging exemption from the increase in fares below annas eight was conceded. In marked contrast to this, Mr. Khan announces his policy of social justice, seeking gradual equalisation of incomes and standards of living by means of direct taxation by the State. War is declared on excessive wealth and privilege. The distribution of wealth is no longer to follow the law of the jungle, nor the vagaries of prices the system of grab and grasp. The immense masses of the poor and the disinherited will at last have a glimpse of hope and happiness. It is to be hoped that the attempts made in certain interested quarters to discredit the soundest proposals a Finance Member ever put forward on behalf of the Government of India will not succeed.

Within the space of one or two articles it is difficult to do justice to the large number of outstanding features, the originality, the daring and the optimism, of this budget. Whether we look at proposals like the nationalisation of the Reserve Bank, or the war on speculation, the enquiry into illicit war-time gains, or that into taxation evasion or avoidance; whether we consider his projects of national development or the problem of settlement with the British Government on account of sterling balances, war-time stores and surpluses and the general economic situation of the country, we find that, on not a single point can unqualified criticism be advanced by anyone who believes in the demands of social justice, of human equality, and the consequent necessity for active assertion by Government to effect radical reforms by tax-measures in the distributive system of this country. The only point we feel it at all necessary to make at this stage, is that in the composition of the several Committees he has proposed, the Finance Member will be guided only by considerations of real merit and proved capacity, for choosing the personnel, and not by any desire to exercise political patronage or party influence. It is just on those rocks that the well conceived and well laid projects of Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan are likely to be wrecked, if the pilot does not guard the ship against them. Without, finally, being blind to the existing constitutional impasse, Mr. Liaquat Ali is nevertheless bold enough to think of finance in national rather than sectional terms.

We must reserve a more detailed review of the tax and retrenchment proposals or of the suggestions regarding the ways and means section of the budget, for a subsequent occasion. In this general review, however, we must draw attention to the accelerating evidence of incoming depression, which the Transport Member could not conceal, and the Finance Member has made a brave attempt to tackle at the root. In a comparative table of revenue and expenditure for the current year and the year to come, the fall in expenditure seems relatively less than that in revenue. The following figures speak for themselves:—

	1946-47 Revised Estimate.	1947-48 Budget.	Decline.
(In cores of rupees)			
Revenue.	336.19	279.42	17p.c.
Expenditure.	381.47	327.88	15p.c.

The decline in the expenditure would be even less than that shown in the preceding figures, if and when the recommendations of the Pay Commission are given effect to and when other projects of new development required in public interest materialise. On the revenue side, on the other hand, the decline is greater in proportion and highly suggestive when we review the several items of Central revenues. As already pointed out, however, consideration of this will have to be postponed to a subsequent occasion. But note must here be taken of the most considerable single item of expenditure, namely, Defence. In the budget of 1946-47, it accounted for something like 70 p.c. of the total expenditure, while in the budget for 1947-48 it still makes up something like 57 p.c. of the total expenditure and may not show the same tendency to decline as seems evident under other heads. There is no question that this is an unproductive expenditure. In the unsettled state of the world, however, in which we are living, it *must* be incurred, even at the cost of holding up other projects of constructive development, by every nation seeking to survive in this world of trouble and turmoil, mutual distrust and universal suspicion. The forces of world peace, heralded by the establishment of the United Nations Organisation, are yet in their infancy. None of the senior partners seems to be anxious to reduce its own defence preparations by any substantial degree. It would, therefore, be asking too much of a country like India, just finding her national independence, to take the lead, and denude herself of the chief means whereby she could maintain her newly acquired sovereignty against would-be aggressors. The ending of the agreement with the British Government as regards financial settlement during the war, on the 1st of April next, need not necessarily increase the military burden of this country. But the requirements of India's own defence by sea and air, as well as by land, may add substantial charges about which the Finance Member has remained wisely silent in his budget speech. The progress of demobilisation as revealed by the speech, has been rapid as well as genuine and the prospect of a saving on that account should not be discounted. Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan's conception of retrenchment, as explained in the budget speech, does not ignore the need for wise developmental expenditure, even if he has his eye upon excessive personnel or inflated allowances rather than on absolute all-over economy and reduction in expenditure. The proposed Committee of Public Economy and Expenditure has, in our view, a somewhat limited range and the silence in regard to the Taxation Enquiry Committee, which his immediate predecessor had promised last year, makes the only criticizable feature in a long pronouncement full of sound principles and high ideals. It is permissible to hope, however, that the Finance Member, so clear-sighted on other items, is not unmindful of this glaring need of the entire financial organisation and that, when the clouds of Party discord, or the mists of political divergence, have lifted and passed away, he will not fail to review the entire system, correct its inequalities and rectify its injustices

Frankly Speaking

Kripalani's Warning

The Congress President, Acharya Kripalani, apologised for his address to the Conference at Allahabad of office-bearers of Provincial Congress Committees in that it might sound like a "lecture." Even if it was a lecture, it was moving, timely and very necessary. Never was his warning been more urgently called for than now. The tendency is human enough that the end of the period of struggle, conducted with such selflessness and sacrifice, should induce a deterioration in political morality and a departure from high ideals. The Congress organisation has not been free from this danger. As the President frankly put it, "not all of us have been able to resist them. We are becoming soft and ease loving. We hunt for offices and ministerial appointments and are jealous of those who secure them." Is this any exaggeration of the evils that have crept and are creeping into the great Organisation which must stand or fall, always, by the spirit of selfless, self-sacrificing service?

Congressmen On Trial

Even a greater evil threatens the organisation, namely, the poison of power. It has not materialised, but the signs are there and must be taken note of immediately. The Congress President does so. It is a timely warning by the Congress President when he urges that Congressmen should not begin to behave as if they were the rulers of the people and not their servants. Human beings are often enough apt to yield to an unworthy reaction after successfully fighting for a great and noble objective. Victory tempts them to turn from veterans in service into an aristocracy of the ruling class. This is not an uncommon experience even in the modern world. But the Congress organisation, which owes its greatness to Mahatma Gandhi, has been built and reared on different foundations. Service not mastery, self-lessness not material ambition have been the essence of the structure, indeed its very life. To forget them or to disregard them is to destroy the Congress. How timely and how serious is Acharya Kripalani's "lecture" is clear from the simple fact that full and complete freedom is now only a matter of months. But will it be the "Swaraj" of the conception of the father of Indian Nationalism, the "Swaraj" to which the Congress dedicated itself under his great and inspiring leadership? That "Swaraj" will not, as the Congress President pointed out, be attained if Congressmen lose the sense of moral values of their real obligations. Freedom in June 1948 will not, for Congressmen, be the crowning end of their work, but the beginning of another and equally hard chapter of service. It will put Congressmen on their trial.

Unique Occasion

It was a historic occasion not only for India and the United States but also, we confidently hope, for the world when Mr. Asaf Ali presented to President Truman his credentials as India's Ambassador to Washington. The ceremony was unique because he is the first Indian Ambassador representing India directly. And, as President Truman said, it was "truly an historic occasion" because "it emphasised a grandiose development for which modern history offers no parallel, namely the emergence of 400 million people with a glorious past, of which you are so justifiably proud, to a status of complete control over their own destinies." The President correctly appreciated and set forth the significance of the occasion. But it is important for the whole world too, because a great country of 400 million people, indeed, the second greatest in the world, can exercise a potent influence on the life of humanity by its effective contribution to the cause of peace and progress. But the great potentiality of free India imposes a great and immediate responsibility too. That responsibility is that India should set her house in order and become a great "democratic and stable power". The leaders of India owe this responsibility to the 400 millions of their fellow-countrymen and also to humanity itself.

Surprising Statement

There is a Paris report about French reaction to Mr. Attlee's announcement regarding India, which, we regret to say, is rather surprising and which is not calculated to produce a happy reaction in this country. French Foreign Offices sources state, according to this report, that the announcement will have no effect on French Indian possessions, because "the two questions are absolutely independent. French possessions in India are part of the French Union (of Overseas Territories) and there is no connection between the two questions." It is rather interesting to note that those who did not favour Mr. Churchill's offer of a Union of France with England should consider it as a sauce for French India to be part of the French Union. But that is not the point. This Foreign Office statement is surprising because it is directly at variance with the pledge recently given to French India by its Governor-General regarding the right of the people to full and unconditional self-determination. Moreover, and let it be finally known, incorporation into a Union with a European country of any part of India does not make it a foreign territory. It is a part of India and not of the so-called "French Union." And let it also be known that, similarly, Portuguese possessions in India are a part of this country despite self-promulgated "constitutional" laws of Portugal. These French and Portuguese possessions will inevitably and sooner than later return to the mother country. The only question for France and Portugal is to decide whether in the process each would prefer to retain India's friendship or lose it.

RAMAN TO STUDY EMERALDS

World's Best May Be Produced In India, Says Scientist

MADRAS, March 2 (A.P.I.): Emeralds of the world's best quality might yet be produced in a large scale in India in the near future, remarked Sir C. V. Raman last night in an interview.

Sir C. V. Raman has returned from tour of Udaipur State where he had visited the recently discovered emerald mines. Displaying the collection of raw crystals he had brought with him from Udaipur, he pointed out that emeralds was nothing more than beryl—a mineral found in various parts of India—in its most mature and beautiful form.

Beryl's importance, he said, had only been recognised during world war II. It was then found that when beryl was combined with copper the resultant alloy was even harder than steel. When the industrial potentialities of the mineral were recognised the Government of India put a ban on its export.

Sir C. V. Raman said that, attracted by the report of the discovery of emerald mines in the Udaipur state he went there and made a study of the numerous specimens of the material which had been taken out of those mines. He looked forward to making a thorough study of the collection of crystals he had brought with him.

Raid On Communists' Office And Residences

BEZWADA, March 2 (A.P.I.): The office of the Bezwada City Committee of the Communist Party of India and the houses of two Communist leaders were raided at midnight yesterday by a posse of Reserve Police.

Nothing incriminating is believed to have been found.

MILLOWNERS' HUGE PROFITS

"150 Families Living On Fat Of Land By Exploiting People"

That just one hundred and fifty families in the Province have been living on the fat of the land by exploiting the four hundred millions of this country, by adroitly manipulating the cost of cloth in their favour, is the allegation made by Mr. Khandubhai K. Desai, M.L.A. (Ahmedabad Labour) in the course of his reply to the Chairman of Millowners' Associations of Bombay and Ahmedabad, Mr. Desai says:

"The Chairman, Millowners' Association, Bombay and Ahmedabad, in a bulky statement recently issued, has tried to exonerate himself and his group from the charges I have levelled against them" said Mr. Desai "But he has not been able to answer my main thesis that textile interests in the course of the last seven years in collusion with the then Government have sacrificed the interests of the consumers in their own interests, by deliberately keeping the prices of cloth at a level which was unjustifiable and which in practice worked as a sort of poll tax on every man, woman and child who purchased cloth."

1000 PER CENT PROFITS

The profits made in the year 1943 work out at nearly 2000 per cent over the pre-war prices" and the average profits for the war-period of seven years is nearly 1000 per cent. It does not matter to the consumer how the margin accruing to the industry from the high prices he has been made to pay, has been distributed by way of taxes, depreciation, dividend or commission to Managing Agents. He only knows that he had been deprived of very large amounts of money by way of high prices which had to be paid for his cloth requirements.

Even in England the clothing index for the war period, according to the official British Ministry Labour Gazette, varied from 133 to 161, taking 1939 as 100. Therefore, the consumer in Britain had to pay only 33 to 60 per cent more for his cloth requirements, while the poor consumer in India had to pay abnormally high prices for no fault of his.

FEEBLE EFFORT

It is absurd to think that the poor worker indulged in slow downs or unreasonable strikes and lowered production. The Millowners know that a very large portion of the workers are working on piece rates and with the rising cost of living which has not been fully compensated by the dearness allowances, it is absurd to make such accusations."

The statement issued by the Millowners' Association has tried rather feebly to shift the responsibility for the cloth muddle on the shoulders of the Government and the distributing agency. The Textile Control Board has taken upon itself the responsibility of supplying cloth to the country at reasonable rate and in adequate quantity. It is well-known that this Control Board is dominated by manufacturers who are in reality the Control Board itself. The country will therefore very well know where the whole blame for the cloth muddle can be properly fixed."

—I believe that considerable reduction in the prevailing prices of cloth is possible, leaving even then a sufficient margin of profits for the Millowners.

ARABS WILL RESIST PARTITION

Even If Imposed By U. N.

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON.

"Two Englishmen a club; two Asiatics a quarrel", observed a friend on hearing of differences in the Burmese delegation. "What about Arabs?" I asked. "Wait and see", he replied. "Palestinian Arabs and the Arab States will soon be at loggerheads." "Right, wait and see", I agreed. We have now seen how the Arabs have acted in London. No delegation could have presented a more united front. Throughout their stay in London, both inside and outside the conference hall, the Arabs presented a solidarity worthy of emulation by other people. They came here determined not to countenance the partition in any form or shape nor to agree to future Jewish immigration. And they have gone back without yielding on any point. Their future course of conduct will be decided in Arabia. At the moment of writing, it is not known what form British representation to the United States will take. Some are of the opinion that Britain will completely wash her hands of Palestine; others who have carefully studied the trends of the British foreign policy, do not see any reason for believing that Britain will allow itself to completely withdraw from a country of such strategic importance as Palestine nor will the Foreign Office contemplate with equanimity an arrangement whereby Russia is able to have a finger in the Palestinian pig. Had the American Government cooperated with Britain in the handling of the situation in Palestine, the question of reference to the U.N.O. might not have arisen at all.

INDIA WILL SUPPORT ARABS

However, now the question goes before the U. N. If the Jews have got friends in U.N.O., so have the Arabs. India's vote will, of course, go in favour of Arabs. But, many countries will debate the question not so much from the justice or otherwise of Arab claims, but largely, if not entirely, from the point of their own diplomatic requirements. But, whatever U. N. decision, Fadi Jamali, Foreign Minister of Iraq and a member of the Arab delegation to the Palestine Conferenc, made clear at the present conference on Monday that the Arabs in no way bound themselves to accept it. If the decision involved the creation of a separate Jewish State, it would be rejected. The Arab States, it was pointed out to journalists, never recognised the sanctity of the Balfour Declaration nor the legality of the League of Nations Mandate. The steps taken by Britain to implement the Mandate were considered by them to be illegal and "immoral."

ARAB STAND

The Arabs told that the Jews have been illegally dumped on their country. Still they want to behave generously. They are prepared to allow Jews to enjoy equal rights with them. They will be allowed to manage their own affairs. They will be allowed the use of their languages in Courts and Schools. But, nothing more than that. The Arabs are not responsible for atrocities committed by Hitler. If Jews have got to be provided for, they should be settled in other parts of the world. Palestine having had more than its share of Jews. Palestine Arabs' two main demands are:—

1. Palestine must be independent;
2. Palestine must not be vivisected.

No longer are the Arabs prepared to put up with the present form of Government. They must have constitutional Government without delay. When Arab League meets at Cairo next month, it will decide its course of future action, specially in relation to British appeal to the United Nations. But there cannot be any doubt in the anybody's mind that the Arabs will resist the partition of their country even if it is imposed by the decision of the United Nations. Jews will have autonomy, nothing more than that.

A BENEFACTOR OF MANKIND

Alexander Graham Bell, Inventor Of The Telephone

(BY ADI K. MUNSHI.)

In Edinburgh, the capital city of Scotland, a hundred years ago, on 3rd March 1847, was born a child, who was to be known as A.G.B. and who was to confer on mankind really a.g.b.—a great benefit.

To-day, Monday, the 3rd of March 1947 marks the centenary of the birth of Alexander Graham Bell, the eminent inventor, scientist and physicist, who seventy one years ago invented the telephone at Boston Mass, U.S.A. Incidentally this year also marks the completion of the twenty-five years of Bell's death which occurred in Nova Scotia on 2nd August 1922.

Prof. Bell invented this unusual instrument on 10th March, 1876. On that auspicious day he sent a message through this novel instrument to his assistant Mr. Watson in the next room. The first words transmitted through the telephone were Prof. Bell's. They were "Mr. Watson. come here, I want you."

Rivals In The Field

Bell, however, was not the only man to conceive this idea or to think or to say in the terms quoted above. Along with him, and perhaps before he started his experiments in the direction, a few people had interested themselves in the venture.

A Frenchman of the name of Charles Bourseul in 1854, Antonio Meucci, an Italian, in 1857 and Phillip Reis a German, in 1861, had attempted to produce an instrument that might transmit words to a distance.

In America itself eminent American scientists had attempted to invent this instrument. Three of them Prof. Elisha Gray, Prof. A. E. Dolbear and Prof. Daniel Drawbaugh had actually claimed to have invented the telephone before Bell had done it. These claims resulted in litigation. After a prolonged and expensive litigation, Bell won the case. He was proclaimed the inventor of the telephone, which instrument has, since its invention, conferred immense benefits on the human race.

Public Apathy

Yet in the beginning, this instrument was looked upon by some as the work of the Devil and by many as useless. In the U.S.A. and in Great Britain people disliked this instrument. In 1878 Bell visited England and his birth-place Scotland. He had brought with him two ivory telephones, specially made instruments to be presented to the Queen as gift from the inventor. The Queen accepted the gift with many thanks. Despite this, the telephone did not appeal to the people of England, for in 1879 the first telephone exchange was opened in London with only eight subscribers. In France also this instrument created little enthusiasm.

In Bombay the telephone service was first introduced on 28th January 1882.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Jerusalem March 2: The Irgun Zvai Leumi followed their widespread attacks on British armed forces in Palestine yesterday, with an announcement delivered to the Press in Tel Aviv, stating "this is the beginning of war"

—Reuter.

* * *

The Bombay Merchants Chamber has wired the Interim Finance Member to the effect that his proposals will "kill initiative and enterprise, retard industrial development and progress, make, capital shy....."

In short, "we" don't like that special tax.

* * *

Replying to Mr. Asaf Ali on the occasion of the presentation of credentials, President Truman gave the assurance that the U. S. would give all economic help to India which would "prove of benefit to our two countries and the world."

"Our two countries"? We protest at the suggestion that India is just one country when it is—we mean when it is a great sub-continent

* * *

"In the coming months", the U. S. President further said, "the eyes of the world will be focussed on India with intense interest....."

That's what worries us. The limelight may stimulate some of our—er—Actors' to overdo their part.

* * *

Denouncing the present British Government and calling on the country to get rid of it, Mr. Churchill says: "Our Empire is being cast away."

We venture, if we may, to have the attention of Mr. Churchill's friends and proteges in India drawn to that word "our", which explains all.

* * *

A London report says that Churchill is furious against Lord Halifax and he will lead a rousing attack in the Commons on the Government's India announcement.

We are looking forward to this week's debate with increased excited interest.

* * *

It is conjectured in New Delhi that the Congress High Command will probably ask Mr. Prakasam to explain why he ruled out the no-confidence motion.

Mr. Prakasam should say that he shot in self-preservation.

* * *

Speaking at a Press dinner, President Truman is reported to have said that the Negro newspapers and the Nation's Press were helping the Americans to learn to live in "one world."

The Negro newspapers can only hopefully say 'Amen.'

COCHIN TO JOIN CONSEMBLY

NEW DELHI, March 1 (A.P.I.): Cochin State is prepared to enter the Constituent Assembly any time the Assembly desires.

This was stated here today by Mr. P. Govinda Menon, Minister and Chairman of the Constitutional Advisory Committee of Cochin, in an interview today.

Mr. Menon has been authorised by the Maharaja of Cochin to negotiate with the Constituent Assembly's Negotiating Committee directly if necessary.

Cochin has been allotted only one member.

Mr. Menon has been appointed a member of the Sub-Committee of the Chamber of Princes to examine and report on the allocation of seats between the several States. He met the Negotiating Committee of the Constituent Assembly yesterday.

SITE OF ANCIENT DWARKA: In the course of his lecture on "the authenticity of the movements of Krishna in Gujarat", delivered before the Gujarat Research Society, Bombay, on Monday. Prof. V. B. Athavale of Nasik essayed to prove that Krishna was 70 years old at the time of the great Mahabharata or Kuru War. To put it with even greater exactitude, Krishna, according to the Prof. was 70 years, three months and 20 days old on the first day of the war, which, as is well known, lasted for 18 days. Krishna and Arjuna, the third Pandava brother, were of the same age. Prof. Athavale also tried to prove that Krishna was 19 years old when the Vrishni family to which he belonged, was raised to the status of governor of the coastal strip of Kathiawad by the Kuru King Dhritarashtra. According to the lecturer, the site of the new settlement of the town of Dwarka can be shown to be near Kodinar (Prabhaspatan) and not near the port of Okha, as is supposed by some at present.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Indian Industries Exhibition"

Sir—The Indian Exhibition is held in the city, I believe, with a view to advertise home-made commodities, and make us buy Swadeshi articles. When I visited the Exhibition to my surprise, I found that 50 per cent of the cloth and other articles, were foreign. American crockery, plastic articles and fountain-pens, Australian Chocolates, Chinese, American and Italian cloth, ready-made garments of foreign cloth are seen in this Indian Industries' Exhibition! I found that the stall-holders were proudly informing the customers that the cloth was foreign. The organisers owe an explanation to the public why they have deliberately advertised and exhibited foreign goods in an Indian Industries Exhibition. Sir, I felt I was cheated as I visited the exhibition to see and buy only Swadeshi.

(Miss) P. N. NARIMAN.

207, Bazar Gate St. Fort, March 1.

II

Sir,—On going round the Indian Industrial Exhibition held at Dhobitalao Maidan, one finds many of the stalls dealing in foreign articles like Pond's Cream, English Glassware, Parker Fountain Pens, foreign cloth, English toys, plastics, leather goods and so on. The Exhibition is not worth the name of Indian Industries if this sort of trade is allowed, in the exhibition. We wish the organisers will do the needful to remove such stalls or compel those exhibiting foreign goods to remove them from their stalls before people decide not to visit the Exhibition as a matter of protest and damage the cause of Indian Industries.

C. M. SHAH

for Jayant and Company

Indianisation Of Services

Sir,—The Interim Government heralded high hopes of Indianisation of services, backed further by the public statement of the Hon. Member in charge of Home Affairs on the floor of the Assembly, viz., that in the contingency of a European's recruitment to highly technical services, an Indian would simultaneously be trained for the post. Unfortunately, the actual state of affairs does not seem to materialise our expectations. The recruitment of European personnel in highly technical and export services may be justifiable, but not in purely administrative services.

During the war of course, the Naval Store; Department for reasons of skill and efficiency was monopolised by Europeans. The reason for not replacing this European personnel by Indians of merit, of whom there is no dearth especially in the posts of Naval Store officer and Deputy Naval Store officers is not understandable. Why not try Indian mettle in responsible posts. It is surprising to hear that a fresh European recruit is coming to India to fill in the specially created post of "Principal Foreman". What about the six Indian Foremen of stores? Why not one of them be promoted?

Will the responsible authorities, including the Hon. Member in charge of Home Affairs, view this matter in the light of the above mentioned circumstances?

S. R. BANKER.

Compulsory Inoculation

Sir,—In a recent issue of your journal "Scrutator" has blamed the Congress Government for making 'plague Inoculation' compulsory in Poona. Certainly Congress Government are the followers of Mahatma Gandhi. But hungry millions of India are not in a position to follow Mahatma Gandhi regarding cleanliness so as to enable them' to prevent plague, typhoid, etc. Or does "Scrutator" mean that the Congress Government should clean Poona from one side and bury the dead from other side? Really the challenge to modern science is very interesting by bringing forward the names of Mahatma Gandhi and Bernard Shaw. "India's millions need aid of science", says Pandit Nehru. Is Pandit Nehru a Congress leader? If so I advise "Scrutator" to run up to the nearest Municipality to get inoculated for plague before cleanliness reaches him for rescue.

Thank God he did not mention Atom Bomb and Marshal Stalin.

K. M. THOMAS.

Discriminating Treatment Of Seamen

Sir,—I have to bring to your notice the procedure at present adopted by the authorities concerned in allowing the European seamen to sign on a ship in Bombay—even though they are entitled to a free passage with pay from Bombay to the port to which they belong—and thus keeping the non-European English articled seamen without employment for months at a stretch.

It is amazing that such extreme injustice could be done to non-European English articled seamen, and I hope that early action will be taken to rectify matters.—Yours, etc.

NON-EUROPEAN ENGLISH ARTICLED SEAMEN.

Postal Delays

Sir,—I regret to say that the money order, which I forwarded from the Dharmendrasinhji College Post Office at Rajkot on September 30, 1946, to my son Krishnakumar at Shivajimagar (Poona), was not delivered to him till January 10, 1947.

On inquiring both at the Shivajinagar and Rajkot Post Offices Krishnakumar and I are being told with irritating unconcern by the Post Office dignitaries to possess our souls in patience till the correspondence going on in respect of the truant money order form reaches finality.

It is high time for the Post Master-General Bombay, to put his strong foot forward and rectify the grave irregularities of the postal deliveries causing hardship to their innocent victims.

KESHAVLAL L. OZA.

Rajkot.

"Foreign Brides"

Sir,—Apropos a letter under the above caption, published in the press recently, I can say from personal knowledge that foreign girls married in India are indeed experiencing "grave difficulties in adjusting themselves to the new way of life." It would be a worthy gesture on our part to extend to these unhappy women our friendship; sympathy and co-operation — understanding their problems and helping them to build up a new and happy life for themselves and their husbands.

(Prof.) ANGELO MOSES

Matunga.

Khalsa College.

Bulsroyce Builders

Sir,—Bulsroyce Syndicate originally known as "Bulsroyce Builders' Syndicate" of Vakola, Santa Cruz East, are constructing "Ideal Post-War Buildings" and the rooms in these buildings are being let out to accommodation craving citizen with deposits for Immediate Occupation though some of the buildings are incomplete; and uncertified by the municipality.

Let not the Bandra Municipality be misguided to issue the necessary certificate for these buildings without thorough inspection and investigation.

"BULSROYCE SENTINEY"

Santa Cruz.

Call To British Isles To 'Amalgamate' With U. S. A.

Empire. Sure To Breakup In Its Efforts To Protect Lifeline Says Senator

ATLANTA, Georgia, March 2, (A.P.A.): The 'Atlanta Constitution' repotted in a copyright ed story to-day that Senator Richard Russell (Democrat-Geo rgia) proposed that England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales sh ould act to be admitted as member-states of the United St ates of America.

In a Washington interview with Mr. Ralph McOill, Editor of the "Constitution", Senator Russell was quoted as saying that his proposal was predicated upon a threatened breakup of the British Empire and its probable inability to carry out its world commitments."

The senator also proposed that Canada, Australia and South Africa should consider some form of union with the United States.

McOill quoted Senator Russell as saying: "Let us look at the record. The British went into Greece, Palestine and Egypt to protect the lifeline of the empire they are now unable to defend that life line. We are now called upon to take over the British position. If we should do so, the first step would have to be to remove Greece's king so tragically forced upon the people.

"The British have announced that they cannot solve the Palestine problem and there is every indication that their position there is precarious and extreme.

"This proposal of mine will be rejected as fantastic. Yet I predict that it will come in years ahead. The Atlantic Ocean is no more of a barrier than was the Mississippi River when we added States west of the River to the Union."

Inevitable In 40 Years

The U.P.A. adds: Suggesting that such an invitation to these countries should go out, Russell said "such a process of amalgamation" would be inevitable within 40 or 50 years.

Mr. Russell said such an invitation was "only a suggestion" and he did not intend to offer legislation in this connection at the present time, but "I can see no other way out. It would be better for us but we could not annex them. They would have to ask to be permitted (to join the United States). They are good people and I would welcome them in.

"It would be cheaper for us than to try to bolster their economy. We made them one loan and when that is used up in about one year they are coming back again."

U.S. EXPORT-IMPORT BANK TO STOP FURTHER LENDING

WASHINGTON, March 2 (A.P.A.): The Export-Import Bank tonight announced that it will lend no more money to other countries for "emergency construction."

The 3,500,000,000 dols. United States Government institution for foreign lending said that its decision would apply especially to countries in a position to seek loans from the World Bank, to which the United States has subscribed 3,175,000,000 dols.

The Export-Import Bank's declaration was contained in its third semi-annual report to Congress and apparently reflected the determination that the United States would cease taking the sole risk of financing "emergency construction."

The bank said it would attempt to help other countries to ship "economically desirable" goods to the United States so that they can get dollars to pay debts to America and otherwise improve their position.

Britain's War Damage Claims Paid

LONDON, March 2. (Reuter): The official British War Damage Commission—world's largest "insurance company"—has paid out claims worth over £400,000,000 since Hitler's bombs began to rain on England.

Before it has finished its work—perhaps in ten years' time—it expects to pay out as much again.

Ottawa Disclaims Knowledge

OTTAWA, March 2 (Reuter): Official sources here disclaim any knowledge of a representation by the Government of India to give vote to literate Indians in Canada who possess language qualifications.

A foreign report, which cannot be confirmed, said that the Canadian government had modified the franchise law as the result of such representation.

INDIAN COMPANY TO MANUFACTURE SPINNING MACHINERY

NEW DELHI, March 2 (A.P.I.): Consent for Rs. 1-1|2 crores to a company for the manufacture of spinning machinery and of Rs. one crore each to two concerns for undertaking the business of a house-building society and of a financing corporation respectively figure in the consents given during the week ended February 24, 1947, under the control of capital issues scheme. A figure of Rs. 34 lakhs has also been allowed to acquire assets in India of an English company.

TATA SPORTS CLUB: 9th Athletic sports, Brabourne Stadium, on Wednesday 1-45 p. m.

CHINESE CABINET RESHUFFLE

Move To Reorganise Executive Yuan And State Council

NANKING, March 2 (Reuter): Informed political quarters here today predicted that any Cabinet reshuffle which may result from the resignation of the Prime Minister, Dr. T. V. Soong, will come as part of a plan for re-organisation of the Executive Yuan and the State Council. Definite steps towards rereorganisation of these two organs were expected to be taken before March 15, they said.

In accordance with the principles decided in last year's Political Consultative Conference and National Assembly, the Executive Yuan will be enlarged to include new ministries and will be open to participation of third party members.

In rapid sequence to yesterday's events which culminated in Dr. Soong's announcement of his resignation and the election of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek to take charge of executive affairs until a new premier has been chosen, the National Government announced that 119 new members have been selected to take part in three organisations to be enlarged prior to the enlargement of State Council and the Executive Yuan. Names of 50 new members for the Legislative Yuan were announced. 25 for the Control Yuan and 44 for the People's Political Council.

Of the total number, 37 members belong to the Kuomintang, 30 to the Young China Party, 30 to the Democratic Socialist Party and 22 are non-Partisan.

The only resignation which has so far followed Dr. Soong's is that of Tsuyee Pei, Governor of the Central Bank of China. Appointed to succeed him was Chiang Kai Noao, for many years Deputy Governor of the Bank and recently chairman of the Economic Commission in. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's Manchurian headquarters.

"TENSE SITUATION" IN SHANTUNG

NANKING, March 2 (Reuter): The situation in Tsinan, capital of the Shantung Province, is reported to be tenser today as Communist reinforcements move up to the battle zone.

The Communists are said to be making furious attacks along the Tsingtao-Tsinan railway in the east of Shantung. Severe fighting is reported in Kaomi area, 65 miles North-West of Tsingtao. In west Shantung, Government (Kuomintang) forces yesterday occupied Wenshang 25 miles north of Tsining. Communists were said to be retreating towards Feichung 33 miles north of Wenshang.

In Manchuria according to reports from Central News, Government troops after launching a counter-offensive, routed communists north-east of Changchun and checked their southward advance. However, in the Suaten area, 60 miles south of Kirin, Communists are reported in turn to have started a pincer attack on Tungfeng and Sain.

EVACUATION OF COMMUNIST LIAISON OFFICERS

On their way to Yenan, the first group of Communist Liaison officers and their dependents left here today in accordance with the Government orders that the Communist delegation withdraw all its personnel from the Nationalist China.

Meanwhile, the Communist Liaison Office in Nanking published today a telegram from General Chou Enlai, the Communist Chief, to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek on Feb. 28

NEWS IN BRIEF

ROTTERDAM, March 2, (Reuter): Goods worth thousands of pounds were destroyed in a fire that razed a Rotterdam dockside warehouse today. The fire which lasted seven hours destroyed two complete ships, motors, paper, tobacco and tyres.

LONDON, March 2, (A. P. A.): The Archbishop of York, Doctor C. F. Garbett, tonight announced completion of preliminary work on the first new code of Anglican Church Law in nearly three and a half centuries. The Archbishop said no details would be disclosed until publication of the proposed new canons.

JAMMU, Feb. 28, (A. P. I.): The Hindu Rajya Sabha Jammu will hold a Hindu convention at Jammu on March 22 and 23.

ALLAHABAD, March 2, (A. P. I.): The Communications Member of the Interim Government Sardar Abdul Rab Nishtar arrived here this morning from Delhi to inaugurate the Muslim Student's Union of the Allahabad University.

HONGKONG, March 2, (U. P. A.): Many suspects were arrested following an explosion in a Chinese theatre last night in which a Chinese girl died of her injuries and about 27 others, mainly women and children, were injured.

"MORNING NEWS" BOSSES IN TROUBLE

Defamation Case In Patna Court

PATNA, March 1 (A.P.I.): Messrs. L. Hussain and Moniul Islam, Printer and Publisher respectively of the "Morning News", a Calcutta daily appeared before the Court of District Magistrate of Patna to answer a charge of defamation brought against them by Mr. N. Baksi, I.C.S., Commissioner of the Patna division.

Mr. Syed Jilani, the Editor of the paper, who is also an accused in the case, did not appear and it was stated by the other two accused that Mr. Jilani had left the service of the "Morning News" and that his address was not known to them. The defamation is alleged to have arisen out of the publication of a report in the "Morning News" under the heading "Commissioner or Criminal" in which it was alleged that on being approached on October 31, 1946, by one Imamuddin Ahmad for police trucks and medical aid for doing relief work, Mr. Baksi refused help on the ground that his (Mr. Baksi's) wife's brother had been killed in Noakhali. Mr. Baksi stated in his complaint that his wife had no brother and that the allegations are completely baseless.

The District Magistrate issued a bailable warrant of arrest against Mr. Jilani and forwarded it for execution to the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta. The two accused were asked to furnish bails of Rs. 500 each. The next date of hearing has been fixed for March 29.

FIVE KILLED IN FIRING IN BENGAL VILLAGE

JALPAIGURI (Bengal), March 2 (A.P.I.): Five persons, including one woman, were killed when the police opened fire yesterday at Neoramajhiali, in Mal police station area, when there was trouble over the question of the Kisans' share of farm produce. Details of the incident are lacking.

The dead bodies were brought to the Sadar Hospital for post mortem.

Prohibitory orders under Section 144 are already in force in the Sadar, Pachagarh, Boda, Debiganj, Rajganj, Titalia, Moinaguri, Patgram, Mal, Metille and Nagrakata police stations.

Relief To Indian Air Travellers.

KARACHI, March 2 (A.P.I.): The British Overseas Airways Corporation to meet heavy demand for air passage from civilians area is now carrying approximately 250 non-priority passengers every month on their regular scheduled services between India and the United Kingdom. This, it is explained, will be further increased with progressive relaxation of Priority Control.

During the war, the air services were at the command of Government to carry essential personnel. It has now been found possible to release a number of seats for private air travel and as further seats are released, they will also be put at the disposal of the public.

SHOLAPUR MILL WORKERS STRIKE.

SHOLAPUR, March 2. (A.P.I.): About 15,000 workers of a local group of textile mills are abstaining from work to-day.

The strike by men is a gesture of sympathy with women workers who restored to a sit down strike yesterday to protest against certain cuts in their wages.

Gandhiji Leaves Chandpur

CHANDPUR, March 2 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi and party left Chandpur by special steamer tonight.

CHANDPUR, March 2 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi arrived at Chandpur at 3-45 p. m. today from Haimchar which he left at 2 p. m. Miss Mridula Sarabhai who joined Mahatma Gandhi yesterday and Miss Manu Gandhi also accompanied him.

Mahatma Gandhi's companions to Bihar will be Prof. Nirmal Bose, his Bengali Secretary, Mr. Hamid Hunar, his Urdu Correspondent, Miss Manu Gandhi and Mr. Dev Prakash, brother of Mr. Pyarelal.

Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani, wife of the Congress President, is remaining behind in East Bengal. After Mahatma Gandhi left this afternoon, she went back to Boralia Centre. Boralia is near Dattapara and is the headquarters of relief and rehabilitation work in villages around there.

DR. MAHMUD'S LETTER TELLS

HAIMCHAR, (Tipperah), March 1 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi will return to Noakhali and Tipperah Districts to resume his work here, after a short visit to Bihar.

This was indicated by Mahatma Gandhi in his speech after prayers today. He said that he was not leaving the area without establishing heart unity between the two communities. He did not expect to stay in Bihar long.

In the course of his address after prayer yesterday Mahatma Gandhi also referred to the prospect of his having to go to Bihar "about the atrocities that had been committed by Hindus of Bihar, before which the happenings in Noakhali or Tipperah paled into insignificance" He had enough pressure put upon him by Muslims in Bengal to go to Bihar. He had refused to listen to advice because he had the hope that he could work with equal effect among Bihar Hindus without having to go there. But he had a visit from the Secretary of Dr. Syed Mahmud. He had brought a long letter from Dr. Mahmud.

Mahatma Gandhi said he could not resist Dr. Mahmud's letter. He had, therefore, sent an urgent wire to Bihar and it was highly likely that he might have to hurry to Bihar.

Mahatma Gandhi then passed on to a question which had been referred to him that evening. It was with regard to the partition of Bengal into two provinces, one having a Hindu and the other a Muslim majority. Bengal had once fought against and successfully annulled the partition of their province. But according to some, the time had now come when such a division had become desirable in the interest of peace. Mahatma Gandhi expressed the opinion that personally, he had always been against partition. He was as much against a forced partition as against forced partition as against forced unity.

NEW NATIONALITY LAW FOR INDIA

Indians will, in the very near future, have a Nationality of their own and no longer be classified as British subjects.

The Government of India have under consideration the enactment of an Indian Nationality Law, which will supersede the British Nationality Act of 1914, which at present applies to India.

This step has been taken as a result of demands, both outside and inside the legislature, that there should be an Indian Nationality as distinct from British Nationality.

Pending the enactment of the law the Government of India have decided to suspend the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and the Indian Naturalization Act, 1926.

Foreigners who have already been declared "prima facie" eligible for naturalization, are not affected by this decision and the further examination of their cases will proceed, but applications received from foreigners other than those mentioned above will not be considered nor will further consideration be given to applications already received from persons not hitherto declared "prima facie" eligible.;—"Hindustan Times."

NATIONAL ECONOMY AFFECTED

Loyalka Says Budget Is Blow To Industrial Expansion

Mr. C. R. Loyalka in a statement on the Central Government's budget says:—

"The new budget proposals of the Finance Member will mean a definite blow to the industrial expansion in India. While benefits accruing to the masses from the new taxes are small and doubtful, the slice of income taken away from the rich is very large and inequitable. The 25 per cent tax on individual income exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 can be justified on the grounds of social justice. But the levy of this tax on Companies will definitely retard industrial growth in the country. The proposal in fixing the limit of Rs. 1,00,000 in business profits does not take into consideration the capital of the company. For instance the burden of this tax on a company like the Tata Iron and Steel manufacturing Company with a capital of 15 crores will be much more than on a small company just making a profit of two to four lacs. The proposal, therefore, will work most unjustly on big companies.

The bill is anti-business community and cities like Bombay, Calcutta and Ahmedabad will be hard hit by these proposals. When agricultural prices have gone higher by three or four times the normal pre-war prices, one fails to understand why agricultural income exceeding Rs. one lakh should have been excluded.

The Finance Member should know that such inequitable and unjust taxation is going to have far-reaching repurcussions on the economy of the country and will mean a blow to private enterprise in industry and finance."

'INDIA'S INDUSTRIAL FUTURE DOOMED'

Federation Of Indian Chambers Criticises Budget Proposals

NEW DELHI, March 2. (A.P.I.): The Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry in a statement to the Press to-day on the budget proposals says that the 25 per cent tax on profits over Rs. one lakh, the increase in the Corporation Tax and the proposed tax on capital gains are bound to have serious effects and repercussions on the entire economic structure of the country and will, in the ultimate analysis, affect the mass of people, who are vitally interested in the whole mechanism of production.

Stating that the 25 per cent tax is only a way of reimposing the E.P.T. the Committee says that this tax would create conditions which would not only hamper production, continue the scarcity of goods, increase the cost of living to the millions of consumers of the country, and create unemployment, but would tend to bring about deflationary forces, the prevention of which should be the primary concern of the Government and the public alike.

KILLING PRIVATE ENTERPRISE.

Asserting that the increase in Corporation Tax would have a deleterious effect on our industries the Committee says: "As a result of the newly proposed taxes, what may be left available for distribution may be hardly sufficient to maintain a reasonable return on capital employed in industry. But to make industries which are in their early stage of growth in India to pay nine and quarter annas in a Rupee by way of taxation is to kill private enterprise and to mortgage India's industrial future.

The Committee takes strong exception to the Finance Member's emphasis on "regional planning".

The Committee, however, adds that it welcomes the economic development of any part of the country and especially the more backward areas.

PRIVATE ENTERPRISE DOOMED.

AHMEDABAD, March 1. (A.P.I.): Mr. Shantilal Mangaldas, President, Ahmedabad Millowners' Association, has sent a telegram to the Finance Member, Government of India, welcoming the measures for the relief of the masses contained in the budget proposals of the popular Government, and adding that the Committee of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association are considerably astonished and perturbed at the taxation measures affecting the commerce and industry of the country. These will remove all incentive for future industrialisation by private enterprise.

LIAQUAT ALI TO MOVE THREE NEW BILLS

Congress Party Discusses Budget Proposals

NEW DELHI, March 2. (A.P.I.): The Finance Member Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan will move in the Assembly on Wednesday three motions for reference to Select Committees of three Bills, namely, the Bill further to amend the Indian Income-Tax Act and the Excess Profits Tax, the Bill to impose a Special Tax on a certain class of income and the Bill to provide for an investigation into matters relating to taxation on income. The first two Bills seek to carry out some of the new financial proposals contained in his budget speech and are estimated to yield about Rs. 33 1/2 crores. It is understood that the decision to refer to Select Committees is a gesture to public reaction to the budget proposals

The Congress Party in the Central Legislature held a three-hour meeting this evening to consider the budget proposals. Differing views are understood to have been expressed on them, especially the proposal to levy a 25 per cent tax on profits over Rs. one lakh. A sub-committee of the Party has been appointed to examine the financial proposals in the light of the criticism that would be voiced during the next two days general discussion on the budget as well as public criticism and to make recommendations to the Party.

Br. Counter-Offensive In Palestine

Martial Law Imposed On Jewish Districts: Over 300,000 Under "Virtual House Arrest"

JERUSALEM, March 2, (A. P. A.): Nearly half of Palestine's 700,000 Jews were under virtual house arrest to-day under Martial Law, as a result of Saturday's terrorist outbreaks which left 19 dead and 26 injured.

The blasting of a scout car near Uetah Tiqvah, previously unreported, killed a soldier on patrol nearby and wounded another soldier, and official casualty figures in 16 terrorist acts now show:

KILLED: Two British officers, seven British other ranks, one police officer and nine civilians.

WOUNDED: Seven British officers, 11 British other ranks, two police and six civilians.

Statutory Martial Law was extended to the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv and the suburbs of Petah Tiqvah and Ramat Gan, while residents in several Jewish sections were forbidden to leave their homes under a rigid curfew. Actual Statutory Martial Law was imposed on small sections of the Holy City itself and searches were begun in all areas.

It was officially announced that the British military had invited Chief Rabbi Hertzog to name a representative to accompany the army search parties' operations in the Jerusalem zones.

Military and Labour crews in the meantime continue combing the debris left when a sabbath afternoon explosion wrecked the Goldsmith officers Club in Jerusalem The belief persisted that additional victims might be under the rubble.

Telephonic communication with Tel-Aviv and other curfew areas was suspended and all highways were dotted with military guards.

GENERAL GALE EXPLAINS.

Major-General A. N. Gale, Commanding Officer of the First Infantry Division which is enforcing the Statutory Martial Law in Tel Aviv and the surrounding community, told a press conference details of the move which he said "became necessary when it was apparent that normal police facilities were insufficient to cope with such terrorism as we witnessed throughout Palestine yesterday.

Major Gale emphasised that there would be no indiscriminate screening of residents, adding "we hope to make arrests at addresses we have in our possession."

The effect of Martial Law, the general pointed out, has been to isolate the areas by cutting off all highway and mail traffic. telephone, telegraph and mail communications and some other normal Civil Government services. Newspapers will continue publishing, he said, and the delivery of copies will be facilitated by loan of army lorries and drivers

An official 'communique' said that "severe measures" were now necessary as the result of failure of Jewish institutions to cooperate "against bloodshed and terrorism which these institutions themselves condemned."

DEFENCE REGULATIONS INVOKED.

Sir Alan Cunningham, the British High Commissioner for Palestine, invoked the regulations made under the Palestine (Defence) Order-in-Council of 1937 when imposing statutory Martial Law on Mea Shearim.

"These regulations are considered by His Excellency to be expedient for the maintenance of public order and their effect in the areas to which they apply, is to provide for withdrawal from the population of such areas of normal facilities of the Civil Government.

Government offices and courts will be closed. Banks may be closed by order of the Military Commander, telephone and postal services may be suspended" the statement reads.

The Regulations continue: "Movement of persons and vehicles may be prohibited. Exclusive jurisdiction in respect of criminal offences committed in the areas specified by His Excellency is vested in military courts".

A special 'communique" giving these details in three languages was broadcast early to-day by Jerusalem radio.

BR. MOBILISED FOR MASS COMB-OUT.

British troops are now being mobilised for a mass comb-out of Mea Shearim—an area which covers roughly one-sixth of the Holy City.

The area now faces conditions of rigid austerity as British infantry move in to enforce the severest measure yet imposed anywhere in Palestine. The Mea Shearim contains 200 synagogues and a "Jewish shanty town". Jerusalem's biggest bakery, which supplies most of the Jewish population of the city, is also in the proscribed area.

HOUSE-TO-HOUSE SEARCH.

Further detachments of British troops are now carrying but a house-to-house search of Rehavia—a Jewish residential district—which borders on the Goldschmidt Officers' club, which was blasted by terrorist explosives yesterday.

Terrorists' On "Beginning Of Wars"

JERUSALEM, March 2. (Reuter): The Irgun Zvai Leumi followed their wide-spread attacks on British armed forces in Palestine yesterday, with an announcement delivered to the press in Tel Aviv, stating "this is the beginning of war".

11 Killed And 14 Injured

The casualty figures for yesterday's explosion at the Jerusalem office club issued last night reported 11 dead and 14 injured. Three of the injured were stated to be in a dangerous condition. Earlier it had been stated that the number of dead was 16.

The Irgun Zvai Leumi in a statement to the Press from Tel Aviv claimed responsibility for the attack on the Officers' Club. The terrorist organisation said: "This is in retaliation for the British deporting our countrymen. No fortress will protect the British from our soldiers"

Jewish terrorists last night attacked a police station at Rehovoth near Tel Aviv and a military capt. Nathanya, the Palestine Police Headquarters said. Mines were also reported to be laid on Northern Palestine roads around the Tulkarm area. One military truck was damaged near Tulkarm.

Two British soldiers were killed and two injured when a jeep in which they were travelling was blown up by a mine on Carmel Road in Haifa tonight according to the police headquarters.

EXPLOSION AT SAILOR'S RESIDENCE

U. P. A. adds:

Telephone connections to Haifa could not be obtained a few hours later for unknown reasons but explosions and fires were believed to have occurred in a sailor's residence causing some casualties.

Reports trickling in said 15 vehicles were destroyed in a Haifa military car park by bombs.

PLAN FOR NILE DAM

Will Help Reclaim Millions Of Acres

LONDON, March 2. (Reuter): A four months' tour of Europe and the United States consulting the foremost experts in river control has convinced Adrian Danios, the noted Egyptian agronomist, that the Egyptian Government's proposed plan for the Aswan Dam Hydro-Electrification is "ill considered, would close the door to vast development schemes for fifty years, and is a plan calculated to ruin the priceless Aswan site". Mr. Danios is to press the Egyptian Government to adopt an alternative scheme which, he claims, would be completed in three years, raise water storage capacity from five billion to ten billion cubic metres of water and generate over 1,000,000 kilowatts of electricity against the proposed 2,80,000 kilowatts under the Egyptian Government's scheme.

Mr. Danios made these points in an interview. He leaves London today for Paris and Cairo.

In addition to his Aswan Dam projects, Mr. Danios plans to harness and control the Nile. "I have had discussions with the foremost river control experts in Europe and the United States", Mr. Danios said, "and all are in complete agreement on my long-term plan to make the Nile navigable from its source to the sea.

"This scheme, they agreed, would open up a new era of prosperity for all Nile Valley nations and particularly for Egypt as a natural outlet for economic activity that would be encouraged".

Complete storage of the flood waters of the Nile would enable many more millions of acre to be reclaimed for agriculture from the wastelands that border the Nile and millions of horse-power would be generated at multiple-purpose dams that would be built to effect the regulation of the river.

ALIGARH, March 2, (A. P. I.): The special meeting of the Aligarh University Court held today passed a resolution recording full confidence in Dr. Ziauddin and requesting him not to resign from the Vice-Chancellorship of the University. Dr. Ziauddin consequently has resumed office.

"QUIT PALESTINE FORTHWITH" CALL

LONDON, March 2. (Reuter): The Conservative "Sunday Express", in a leading article on the latest terrorist outrages in Palestine, said to-day that Britain "should get out and stay out" of the Holy Land immediately. Britain, unlike Nazi Germany, cannot meet terror with counter-terror, says the "Express" adding: 'But we can apply justice with force and resolution and we should do so without delay."

"Without delay we should inform the United Nations that we propose to end our responsibilities just as soon as we can move our troops out of the country. And we should move them out forthwith. We should point out at the same time that other nations—our Allies in war and our collaborators in the shaping of world peace—must bear a heavy share of responsibility for the crimes that are being committed.

ARABS HOPE TO SUCCEED AT U.N.O.

CAIRO, March 2 (Reuter): "President Truman assured me that he will adopt a neutral attitude towards the Palestine problem", Emir Saud, Crown Prince of Saudi Arabia told pressmen when he arrived at Cairo by a flying boat from Britain today.

The Crown Prince expressed satisfaction at Britain's decision to refer the Palestine question to the United Nations and added that with a neutral America, the Arabs had great chances of success.

Emir Saud will be received in audience by King Farouk tomorrow and afterwards lunch with the King at Abdin Palace.

Attlee Anxious To Bring About World Unity

Urges Breaking Of Barriers & Postulation Of Common Interests

LONDON, March 1, (Reuter): THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER, MR. CLEMENT ATTLEE, TOLD A UNITED NATIONS ASSOCIATION MEETING TONIGHT THAT "TODAY EVERY PERSON WHO THINKS SERIOUSLY ON THE DESTRUCTIVENESS OF MODERN WEAPONS MUST REALISE THE DANGER OF THE AGE WE LIVE IN BUT EVEN THIS MAY NOT PREVENT WAR. AS LONG AS EVERY NATION IS CONCERNED ONLY WITH ITS OWN INTERESTS, THERE WILL BE THE ATMOSPHERE OF CONTEST. THERE WILL EVEN BE THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE IDEA THAT WAR IS INEVITABLE. BUT IF WE POSTULATE THE COMMON INTERESTS OF NATIONS, NOT ONLY IN PRESERVING PEACE, BUT IN PROMOTING THE PROSPERITY OF ALL, WE GET ON TO VERY DIFFERENT GROUND".

FREE ASSOCIATION OF NATIONS

Although during the past year there had been some disappointment over the United Nations Assembly and Security Council, the other activities of the Organisation gave cause for hope, especially the Economic and Social Council, and the Food and Agricultural Organisation. The Prime Minister declared that a free association of nations was better than any elaborate constitution. The free acceptance of common tasks and plans was better than submission to an overriding authority.

LIVING AS GOOD NEIGHBOURS

"What the world needs today is mutual understanding of peoples not merely good relationships between Governments", Mr. Attlee declared. "The greatest obstacle to the realisation of the ideal of world unity is the lack of intercourse between the peoples, which means lack of understanding. This Association and its sister associations in other countries, exist to break down these barriers. In the words of the United Nations Charter we are determined to practise tolerance and live together in peace with one another as good neighbours".

GREAT STEP FORWARD

He said that the formation in 26 countries of the United Nations Association, joined in a Federation, constituted a great step forward in the movement. "We want to create in every country a great volume of informed opinion and great enthusiasm for the United Nations so that it may not be just a piece of machinery operated by Governments, but the expression of the hopes and desires of the peoples". He said: "We want the United Nations to be not something extraneous to our lives, but a living reality. so that everyone feels himself part of it".

Jaiprakash Wants Nothing Less Than A Revolution

Socialist Party Fears Hundreds Of British Pockets After They Quit India

LOHIA DUBS COMMUNISTS AS "NON-INDIANS"

CAWNPORE, March 1 (A.P.I.): "The main task before the Socialist Party is to establish the People's Raj where no distinction of caste, creed or colour will be allowed to exist", observed Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia in the course of his presidential speech delivered at the open session of the fifth conference of the party this evening.

Dr. Lohia criticised the Communis ts and characterised the Communist party as "non-Indian."

MAIN RESOLUTION

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain next moved the following main resolution of the session on political situation:—

"The latest statement of the British Government fixing June 1948, by when full power must be transferred to Indian hands, creates a new situation, at once full of hope and danger; hope because the end of British rule seems so near danger, because the statement makes possible a disruption of India and formation of British toeholds. India so disrupted and infested with British pockets cannot be completely independent.

"The development of the national independence movement has not been uniform in every part of the country, the comparatively backward parts coinciding generally with the areas under the sway of communalism and the areas ruled by the Princes. Transference of power can in these areas by only to authorities depending in varying degrees upon the British Government, and, therefore, neither full nor complete accordingly. This Conference is of opinion that it is fraught with danger for the future of the country if the British power remains here while the authority to which power is to be transferred is being created. In such a situation it would be possible for the British to interfere with this process and to take advantage of the country's internal differences. The British have, no doubt protested their sincerity, but recent months have shown that they took not only the fullest advantage of our internal difficulties but also accentuated them. The recent British statement itself gives every encouragement to fissiparuous and anti-national and anti-democratic elements in the country by offering to treat with them separately. Therefore, this Conference demands that all power, including the powers of paramountcy, to be immediately transferred to the present Interim Government at the Centre and all British troops be immediately withdrawn.

There can be no danger in this to the peace of the country as this Government is universally admitted to be broadly representative of the Indian people. Failure to make this immediate transference would only mean that it is the British desire to fight a rearguard action in order not to be pushed further back than needed. In these circumstances this Conference warns the Indian people not to look upon the British statement as a charter of freedom but as a challenge and a call to greater efforts.

FEAR OF BR. POCKETS

"The fixing of a date for the British to go has given an urgency to all our problems and our short term action has acquired a deciding importance. The energies of the people have to be so keyed up that at the promised time the country in all its parts is completely freed from any trace of British influence that attempts to reduce the unity of the country are checked that that freedom means social and economic freedom.

"The statement has put in grave peril the unity of the country by endangering even a weak Union as envisaged in Cabinet Mission's statement of May 16. So, the struggle for for national unity acquires an urgency greater than ever before.

CALL TO BATTLE

"This Conference, therefore, urges all fighters for freedom particularly in the Indian States and other areas where there is danger of disruption to launch a campaign for national unity and to thwart every attempt to attach areas to political units without the declared acquiscence of the people concerned. As an essential parts of this campaign it is necessary to rouse the people to struggle for their economic betterment.

"There is a further danger, and so a task, to which this Conference desires to draw the attention of the people. The British unable to meet the challenge of the national movement are attempting to shift the struggle against them from a single front to hundreds if possible, where they shall seek shelter behind Indian facade the Conference, therefore, again urges the fighters for freedom to mobilise the peoples of all possible British pockets to resist every attempt made in their name to give any quarter to the foreign power in their areas. India disrupted but all her territories completely freed from British influence, may still put hope in her future, but a hundred Ulsters will long delay the fulfilment of her destiny:

SOCIALISTS' BURDEN

"Lastly, this Conference wishes to draw the attention of freedom fighters and of Socialists in particular, to the new emphasis which must now be placed on the social and economic interests of the masses. It should be the particular duty of Socialists now to see that the Governments at present functioning in the Provinces and at the Centre govern not only in the name of the masses but also in their immediate and ultimate interests. Further every care must be taken that power passes not merely into Indian hands but into the hands of the toiling masses. It has become the urgent duty of Socialists now to create adequate sanctions so that the authority that takes power from British hands is no other than a Government of the toiling people of this country.

Moving the resolution, Mr. Jai Prakash Narain said that there was every danger of all their efforts being frustrated to solve their internal problems in the presence of the British Government and, therefore, asked them to leave this country here and now and hand over the power to the present Interim Government constituted of the representatives of various political and communal organisations.

J. P. WANTS A RESOLUTION

Maintaining that a revolution alone could bring about a change in the existing rule and give power to the people, which was real Swaraj, Mr. J. P. Narain asserted that he had no faith in the constitutional methods and firmly believed that these peace proposals would result in weakening their "movement and struggle for freedom".

Referring to the latest announcement of H.M.G. he said that on the basis of past experience about the professions of the Britishers, he could not believe that they would leave this country and hand over the power to Indians. He was of the opinion that they would make all efforts during this period of sixteen months to perpetuate their hold over this country. It was on these grounds that he pleaded for snatching the powers from them by means of revolution. He asked the British Government to quit India if they were really sincere in their designs. He expressed the view that the latest announcement of the British Government had resulted in breaking the unity of the country.

FOUR-FOLD PLANK.

The speaker placed before the audience a four-fold programme of the Socialist Party for achieving complete independence, they are to start a unity campaign all over the country, to propagate among the Muslims that the division of India was against their interest, to prepare the people of west Bengal and Eastern Punjab to resist if they were forced to join the Pakistan and lastly to organise labour and peasants for launching a movement to obtain power for them.

After Munshi Ahmed Din, Secretary Punjab Socialist Party, had seconded the resolution, it was put to vote and passed unanimously.

THREE MORE RESOLUTIONS

Three resolutions moved from the Chair were also unanimously adopted.

By one resolution the Conference paid its homage to those who fought and laid down their lives in the 1942 movement. The Conference also paid tributes to those who fell fighting in the streets on the occasion of the demonstration of R.I.N. at Bombay and the student demonstrators on Rashid Ali Day and Viet Nam Day in Calcutta.

A resolution condoling the death of Shrimati Satyavati Devi of Delhi was adopted by all standing.

TRIBUTE TO SUBHAS

The Conference congratulated the nation on the revolt of 1942 and recorded its profound appreciation of the part played in anti-imperialist struggle by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose who established the first Provisional Government of India and organised the famous Azad Hind Fouz. The Conference was proud of the glorious part played by the C. S P. in trying to furnish an organisational basis for the mass upheaval and in attempting to keep the spirit of revolt alive under adverse circumstances.

Dear SHIVAND,

Your parents are extremely anxious about your safety. You cannot mislead us to believe that you are dishonest. We never doubt your honesty. Further delay may worsen your mother's health, who is already in bed. Anxiously in your search and waiting to welcome you back home.

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CHEVROLET MARKS 35th ANNIVERSARY

Chevrolet Motor Division of General Motors Corporation passed its 35th milestone on November 3rd 1946. The Chevrolet record of constant progress begins with the organisation in 1911 of the Chevrolet Motor Company of Michigan, under the direction of Louis Chevrolet. The output that first year was 2,999 units. In 1941-Chevrolet's greatest volume year to date—1,173,799 units were produced.

It took 12 years for the Chevrolet organisation to build its first million cars, the subsequent 12 million were built in a period only two years longer. And to-day, after wartime concentration on volume production of intricate military equipment, Chevrolet again is strengthening its leadership in the industry, despite production obstacles that have retarded all post-war industrial reconversion.

ONE KILLED IN REWA CLASH

Sequel To Rice Procurement Pclicy Being Opposed

JUBBULPORE, March 1. (A.P.I.): One person was killed and three others were injured as a result of a clash between the Rewa State police and an allegedly violent mob armed with lathis and guns in the village of Badwar, says a Communique issued by the Rewa State Government.

According to the Communique the arrest by the State police of three ring-leaders of an organised mob, which was opposing the implementation of the Government's rice procurement scheme from the surplus areas, gave a signal for the clash, and the infuriated mob overpowered the police party. They also attacked the State officials with stones and 'lathis' and rescued the arrested persons.

When the authorities found that the situation was getting out of control the police made a mild 'lathi' charge and later fired four rounds to disperse the crowd. A little later the mob collected again for a fresh attack but was unsuccessful in their attempt as fresh reinforcements of police had already arrived by that time from Rewa.

The Inspector General of Police, the Deputy Commissioner, the District Superintendent of Police and several constables were injured in the clash while four persons from among the crowd were injured, of whom one succumbed later.

The situation is now well under control.

Following this incident the Rewa State Government has enforced Public Safety Maintenance Ordinance in the State on the same lines as that of the Central Provinces and United Provinces Governments

MUNICIPAL OUTDOOR STAFF'S DEMANDS

At a special general meeting of the Bombay Municipal Executive Staff Union held on Sunday under the presidentship of Mr. R. K. Karanjia, a resolution was unanimously passed stating that the interim relief of Rs. 5, Rs. 10 and Rs. 15 p.m. is grossly inadequate to serve as a substantial relief under the present mounting cost of living. The question of the revision of the pay scales of the Outdoor Staff has been delayed to an exasperating limit, and that they should immediately remove the anomalies mentioned in the letter of 5th February 1947, addressed to the Chairman of the Standing Committee by the president of the Union and immediately pass and give effect to the grades of pay as embodied in the demands of the Union submitted to them on the 21st August, 1946 particularly as the members of the clerical staff have already been given the advantage of the revised grades as a result of which every clerk, Head clerk and chief clerk has benefited to the extent of atleast Rs. 25, Rs. 60 and Rs. 80 respectively, whereas, the Outdoor Staff have all along been kept in suspense and made to live on hopes of the revision of their pay scales which have still not materialised.

I.A.M.C. CLERKS' GRIEVANCE

Some I.A.M.C. clerks write to say that I.A.M.C. clerks who are posted to Records Centre on their return from field service are being treated unjustly. They say that though they have put in five to six years service, and have served as Grade I clerks, yet on their reporting back from field service they are downgraded and made to serve as juniors of Grades II and III, while those who have been at the Records Centre all along continue to be Grade I, though they put in only two or three years service. They say that their only fault seems to be that instead of sitting in the Records Centre they went on field service. This according to them is pure injustice, as they suffer financially and otherwise in the process.

Bombay Primary Teachers Not To Go On Strike

Council Of Action Says Govt. Has Met Fundamental Demands

BOMBAY, March 2, (A.P.I.): The general strike of primary teachers of the Bombay provin ce, which was to have commenced on March 12, affecting over 40,000 teachers, will not now be launched as a result of their negotiations with the Government.

EARLIER DECISION REVERSED

A resolution reversing their earlier decision to go on strike was adopted this morning at a joint emergent meeting of the Council of Action and the Executive meeting of the Bombay Provincial Primary Teachers' Association, Mr. M. V. Donde, President of the asciciation, being in the chair.

The resolution withdrawing the threat of strike was passed by a majority of 37½ votes to 7. It is learnt that representatives from Satara and some Gujrat districts voted against the resolution.

The resolution states that at its meeting held at Nadiad on February 23 the Executive Committee of the Association resolved to accept under certain conditions the offer of the Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, to refer the dispute to the Industrial Court or any other impartial tribunal. The Association conveyed this acceptance to the Government on February 27 and the Government replied on March 1.

GOVT.'S ASSURANCE

The Government have also assured the Association in their reply, the resolution further adds, that the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission, which would apply to Governmental staff in the province would also be made applicable to the primary teachers, with the proviso that if the teachers were not satisfied with these new proposed scales, the question of pay scales could be referred to the Industrial Court.

This assurance of the Government the resolution declares, meets the fundamental demand of the Association and removes the main ground for the proposed strike.

Today's joint meeting also passed six other resolutions of a technical character, giving instructions to the branches on organisational matters, and thanking the public and the press for their support.

It may be recalled that a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Association, held in Bombay on February 9, when the decisoin to launch the strike was taken, reiterated the demands for which the teachers were fighting. These demands, in addition to the demand for better scales of pay, included the grant of two months' bonus, payment of arrears of interim salary relief and allowances which had been held over by local bodies and the transfer of primary education from the local bodies to the Government.

DONDE'S INTERVIEW

"I am happy to say that Government have shown readiness to meet almost all our demands "said Mr. Donde to the Associated Press of India. Today's resolution, he said, explains the position in respect of pay scales. As regards the arrears, Mr. Donde said that the administrative Officers of the Government, acting under Government's instructions, had already paid off these arrears directly from district treasuries. The amount involved was Rs. 98 lakhs and at end of February, he said, not a single teacher had been left in arrears.

Coming to the demands for the transfer of primary education to the Government, Mr. Donde referred to a resolution unanimously adopted at the meeting of the Provincial Educational Council on February 22 under the chairmanship of the Prime Minister, recommending to the Government the abolition of District School Boards, transfer of primary education from the control of District School Boards to the Government and the introduction of the necessary legislation during the current session of the legislature.

Mr. Donde hoped that the Government would initiate legislation to this effect before long.

"Thus, 'Mr. Donde added' our only demand which yet remains unrealised is that of the bonus. This question would be immediately taken up with the Government and I hope that it would be amicably settled now that the Teachers' Association has decided not to go on strike."

Mr. Donde was gratified that the Government, by their readiness to refer the dispute to Industrial Court, as in the case of the Government Staff Union had shown readiness to treat primary teachers on a footing similar to the Government Staff.

"HIS MESSAGE IS FOR ALL MANKIND"

Tributes Paid To Memory Of Ramakrishna Paramahamsa

The 112th birthday of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahansa, the "Sage of Dakshineshwar" and guru of the late Swami Vivekananda, was celebrated at a public meeting held at the Sir C. J. Hall, on Saturday evening, under the presidentship of the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier.

After the chanting of a vedic prayer by the students of the Ramakrishna Mission Students' Home, and singing of devotional songs by Mrs. Freny Cama, Miss Latika S. Nayampalli and others, Mr. Kher, addressing the gathering, dilated on the message of the great Bengali saint. Mr. Kher said that as truly remarked by Mahatma Gandhi, Ramakrishna's life was a story of religion in practice. Ramakrishna taught that true religion consisted not in the observance of religious ceremonies or in the knowledge of philosophy which was contained in books, but in the actual life lived in the realisation of the Godhead. Mr. Kher said that Ramakrishna had taught that the different religious faiths were so many different paths that led to the same goal. Ramakrishna also taught that the true worship of God consisted in the service of His creatures, the poor and the suffering. This idea of service of suffering humanity had been made the foundation of the Order which Ramakrishna's leading disciple, Vivekananda, had established to commemorate his guru's name, namely the Ramakrishna Mission, which is known throughout the world now for its humanitarian relief work, without distinction of race, sect or colour.

SOOTHING BALM TO SUFFERING WORLD

Mrs. Mithan J. Lam, Sheriff of Bombay, speaking next, observed that the message of Sri Ramakrishna came as a soothing balm to a suffering world. Just as a bee draws honey from flowers of different hues, so Ramakrishna drew inspiration from the various living faiths of the world and found that the truth behind all of them was fundamentally one, and that though man called God by different names, that Godhead was one and the same. Relief of distress, wherever found, was emphasized by Ramakrishna throughout his life and that instruction had been actively taken up by his disciplies and today wherever there was widespread distress, the Ramakrishna Mission was always to the fore in extending relief to suffering humanity.

Ion, it is hoped, may do much t

Dr. Bool Chand said that the message of Ramakrishna was not for any particular nation but for the whole world. Ramakrishna had infused the spirit of conciliation wherever there was conflict, whether it was in the sphere of religion or economics, or politics. He sought the fundamental harmony behind all conflicting ideals and tried to bring about a lasting peace through reconciliation.

CONSUMMATION OF INDIA'S CULTURE

Dr. H. L. De and Swami Sambuddhananda also addressed the gathering, the latter observing that in Sri Ramakrishna's life and teaching is to be found the highest consummation of India's culture and civilisation. The time is yet to come, said the Swami, when the world, including his bwn countrymen, would comprehend the grandeur of the personality of Sri Ramakrishna in the fullest measure.

A closing devotional song by Miss Nayampalli brought the proceedings to an end.

AT THE KHAR ASHRAM

The anniversary was celebrated at the Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, with a whole-day programme, on Sunday. In the evening there was a public meeting which was addressed by among others, Mr. B. K. Patel, Commissioner, Bombay Municipality, Dastur Harmazdyar K. Mirza and Profs S. D. Gyani and V. N. Bhusan.

FORMER CRIPPLE AMAZED HIS FRIENDS

When He Took Up Outdoor Sports Again

KRUSCHEN BANISHED THE RHEUMATISM IN HIS FEET

Here is the story of a young man who had given up hope of taking part in active sports again. He tells how he tried one remedy after another, and how finally a former sufferer put him on the way to recovery.—

"Two years ago I started with pains in the feet which gradually got worse. I tried everything under the sun, but to no effect. Whilst waiting for treatment one evening, another patient advised me to try Kruschen Salts. That was twelve months ago; the relief was not sudden, but the pain and swelling gradually left my feet and in six months I amazed my friends by taking long walks into the country. This year I have played a good deal of tennis, a thing which I had begun to think I should never do again."—C. W.

The pains of rheumatism are frequently caused by deposits of uric acid settling in the joints. Kruschen Salts contains ingredients which disperse these deposits, and other ingredients which help the kidneys to expel them from the system.

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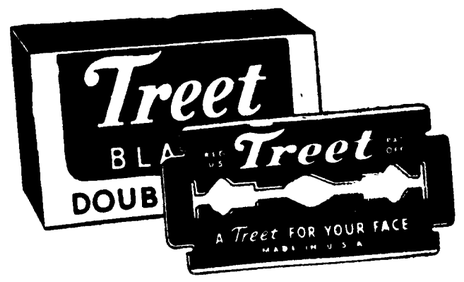

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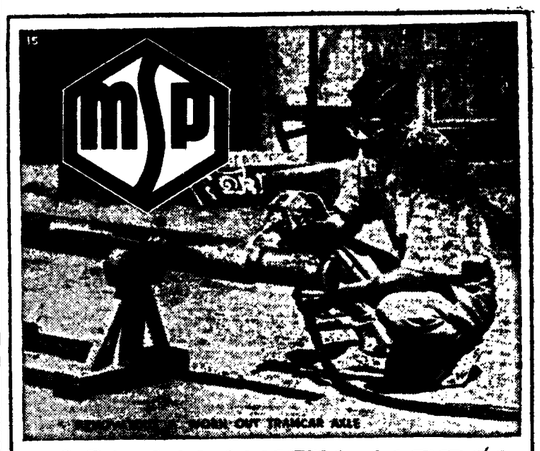

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COLOUR BAR IS AT ROOT OF IMPERIALISM

Prof. Hyman Levy's Address To Empire Reds' Conference

LONDON, March 1 (Reuter): Addressing the delegates to the Conference of Empire Communist Parties here today, Prof. Hyman Levy, Professor of Mathematics at the Imperial College of Science in London, speaking on "science and the colonial problem", said that the main outcome of utilisation of the natural resources of the world had been to exploit colonial workers.

"As we looked across the world we saw that the actions of the people had been degraded from the cultural life they had previously had. Capitalist employers have not tried to establish a pattern of development in the cultural sense for these workers", he declared". The very Empire and colonies that might have applied this pattern now lie in a weakened state. The whole Empire now becomes a possible prey of the new insurgent American capitalism. We are now face to face with the level of American expansion in the Colonies"?

END COLOUR BAR

Capitalist enterprises in the past had taken natural resources and utilised them merely for profit. "If we are to bring modern science to bear on this situation we have to break away completely from the attitude that the black, brown and yellow races are inferior to white people", he declared. Throughout the Empire there is a huge potential reservoir of human intellect that has never before been tapped.

"This trace theory can only be destroyed by the destruction of imperial exploitation".

We needed to have full knowledge of the natural resources of the colonies, he said, if these were to be utilised for industrial development: scientific education and the development of research institutions that would deal with the concrete problems in each area and a planned approach to both these matters from centres of scientific research in these countries. "The responsibilities of evolving a concrete policy of Colonial development, as opposed to Colonial exploitation, rests in this country", he concluded.

After 40 Years' Absence

Ajit Singh Flying Back To India

To Stay With Jawahar And Work For Communal Unity

LONDON, March 1 (Reuter).—Sardar Ajit Singh, veteran revolutionary leader, is flying back to India on March 6 after nearly 40 years' absence.

At present he is in London trying to recover from the effects of the cold weather which accentuated the illness contracted during his imprisonment in Germany. He said today: "When I get to India I shall probably STAY WITH PANDIT NEHRU, AND DEVOTE MY TIME AND ENERGIES TO INDIA'S GREATEST NEED OF THE HOUR—BRINGING TOGETHER HINDUS AND MUSLIMS so that they may live amicably side by side as brothers. I shall also see that the impoverished peasants are uplifted and get their rightful place in their country's economic life."

NEW U. S. AMBASSADOR TO BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, March 1 (APA): The Senate Foreign Relations Committee today approved the nomination of Lewis Douglas to be American Ambassador to Britain.

The Committee Chairman, Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg, said there was no opposition to the appointment.

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JAPAN TO BE HANDED OVER TO U. N. O.

BOSTON, March 2 (Reuter): Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Allied Commander in Japan, has proposed that occupation of Japan should be turned over to the United Nations "as a test case for collective security as soon as possible after the peace treaty with Tokyo comes into effect" "the Christian Science Monitor" reports. The editor, Mr. Edwin D. Canham, who is back from a 25,000-mile War Department tour with a party of editors and publishers, wrote that General MacArthur had advanced "this striking proposal" during an interview in Tokyo.

At least three years would have to elapse before the responsibilities of occupation could be turned over to the United Nations, Mr. Canham said.

PRUSSIA NO MORE A POLITICAL ENTITY

BERLIN, March 1 (Reuter) Prussia —The largest and the most populous State of the former German Reich—ceased to exist as a political entity under a law published by the Allied Control Council, today.

The law—number 46—stated "urged by the concern to preserve peace and security for the peoples and desire to safeguard further reconstruction of political life in Germany on a democratic basis, the Control Council decrees as follows":

(1) The Prussian State, together with its Central Government and all its offices, has ceased to exist.

(2) Territories which were part of the Prussian State and are at present under the authority of the Control Council will receive the status of the States (Laender) or be incorporated in the States.

The regulations of this article are subject to such alterations as may be decided by the Allied Control Council or may be formulated in the future German Constitution.

(3) The administrative functions as well as properties and liabilities of the former Prussian State will be transferred to the respective States with reservation that other decisions may be taken by the Allied Control Council, if necessary.

Prussia—former German Kingdom with 13 Provinces, became a State of the Weimar Republic after the 1918 revolution. 1933 the Prussian Constitution was set aside by the Nazis, and the State was ruled with the rest of Germany by the Central regime in Berlin.

SENATE CONFIRMS LEWIS' APPOINTMENT

WASHINGTON, March 1 (UPA).—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee unanimously approved the nomination of Lewis W. Douglas to be U.S Ambassador to Britain, replacing Max Gardner who died last month on the day he was due to sail for London.

INDONESIAN RICE FOR INDIA

MALANG, March 2 (Reuter).—The Indonesian Republicans have declared that deliveries of rice to India will continue after the deduction of their own requirements. The following estimates of 1947 rice harvest have been given for Java and Madoera: 6,00,000 tons (1946—5,280,000).

MEANING OF "DEPOSIT" Section 118 Construed

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla)

Dr. Edalji Dhanjisha Ankleśaria & others ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

Sorabji Dinshawji Gimwalla & others ..... Defendants

One Dr. Dhanjisha Edalji Ankleśaria of Ahmedabad died in April 1944 leaving an estate worth Rs. 20 lakhs. He had made a will on May 8, 1934 by which he had bequethed large amounts to charity. He had deposited it in the case of the Re-Registrar at Ahmedabad within six months of its execution as required by Section 118 of the Succession Act. Sometime in 1942 the testator withdrew it from the office of the Registrar. On April 25, 1944 he made another will which was supplementary but which did not revoke the earlier will.

On behalf of the Advocate-General as representing charity it was contended that the will having once been deposited within six months of its execution and the will having been executed by the testator at least a year before his death, Section 118 had been complied with and there was a valid bequest in favour of charity. He contended that the fact that that will had subsequently been withdrawn from the Registrar's Office did not matter as the condition requiring deposit had already been fulfilled.

His Lordship referred to various Sections of the Registration Act, and particularly to Section 45 which provided that when a testator who had deposited his will died, the sealed cover which contained it was to be opened by the Registrar, the contents of the will were to be copied and the original will was to be re-deposited with the Registrar. Having regard to these Sections the word "deposit" did not, in his lordship's opinion, mean the mere physical act of handing over a sealed cover and then removing it but implied and required a certain continuity so that the will had to remain with the Registrar till the death of the testator when the sealed cover would be opened. His lordship therefore held that the will not having been "deposited" as required by Section 118 of the Succession Act, all the charitable bequests in it were void. His lordship observed that it was with great reluctance that he arrived at that conclusion as the charitable bequests were of a very large amount and were for very praiseworthy objects. At his lordship's suggestion the parties generously agreed to give a large amount to charity though the charitable bequests were held to be void. His Lordship then passed preliminary mortgage decree and referred the matter to the Commissioner for the taking of accounts.

Mr. M. V. Desai and Mr. H. D. Banaji instructed by Messrs. Pereira Fazalbhoy & Co. appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. M. J. Mistree instructed by Messrs. Pereira Fazalbhoy & Co. appeared for defendant 1.

Mr. P. B. Vachha and Mr. S. T. Desai instructed by Messrs, Pereira Fazalbhoy & Co. appeared for defendants 2 and 3

Mr. M. L. Maneksha and Mr. M. M. Jhaveri instructed by Messrs. Payne & Co. appeared for defendants 4. 5 & 6.

Mr. K. A. Somjee and Mr. Y. B. Rege instructed by Messrs. Dastur & Co. appeared for defendants 7 and 8.

Mr. J. A. Shah instructed by Solicitor to Government appeared for defendant 9.

DELHI UNIVERSITY STARTS DIPLOMA COURSE IN T. B.

NEW DELHI, March 1 (API).—Lt.-Gen. R. Hay, Director-General, Indian Medical Service, welcoming the first band of doctors, who have come to Delhi to study tuberculosis, on the occasion of inauguration of the Diploma course in Tuberculosis at the Delhi University today said:

"Tuberculosis in this country, with about two and a half million ineffective tuberculous patients", Lt.-Gen. Hay added, "presents a very serious and urgent problem to our rulers. A vast organisation with expert and experienced staff is required in order to bring the disease under control. The Bhore Committee estimates that nearly 13,000 trained doctors will be necessary to put into execution a concerted anti-tuberculosis scheme for the whole of India. As against this requirement the number of doctors with sufficient experience in tuberculosis work, to qualify them for posts in tuberculosis institution does not exceed, according to the same report, 70 or 80, while those who have had short courses of four weeks or so in the subject may number about 250 to 300.

We have in India today, only two Universities (Madras and Mysore) which are already running this course, while another University (Bengal) has decided to start this course. May we hope that the day is not far off when every Indian University possessing a medical faculty will establish a diploma in tuberculosis. I fully anticipate that the Delhi University will lose no time in making permanent arrangements for this training centre in tuberculosis in order to facilitate the training of a larger number of students every year.

Sardar Baldev Singh Says:

We Will Be Free Next Year

Advises Indians To Sink Differences And Co-operate With Interim Govt.

LUCKNOW, March 1 (A. P. I.): "There may be others who doubt the sincerity of the British Government vis-a-vis' their recent declaration, but I am one of those who believe that the British intend to transfer power to Indian hands next year. I strongly feel that no power on earth can prevent us from achieving complete independence," declared thus Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Member in the Interim Government, addressing cadets of the Indian Air Training Corps at Lucknow University, to-day.

The Defence Member started in English, paused for a minute and said: "I should better address you in the language of our land. Ever since the Interim Government was formed, we have done whatever lay in our power, to nationalise the Services, and we realised that before we do so, we should speak to our people in our mother tongue. This practice of addressing in our language is being pursued by most of the members of the Interim Government. I hope those who do not follow Hindusthani will excuse me."

Among those present were Brigadier J. E. Gordon, In-Charge Administration U. P. area, Brigadier L. W. McKay Orbes, Sub-Area Command, and Lt.-Col. Raja Bisheswar Dayal Seth, Vice-Chancellor of Lucknow University.

"WE WILL BE FREE NEXT YEAR"

Addressing the cadets in Hindusthani, Sardar Baldev Singh said: "We are passing through critical times. It is not a paradox. We are going to be free next year (cheers). Some days ago the British Government made a historic announcement, declaring their intention to quit India next year. We are on the threshold of complete independence. The most important problem before us will be how to improve the lot of the teeming millions of our country."

The Defence Member spoke of the part played by the Indian Army in the past. He said some quarters were critical of "our army", dubbing it as a mercenary army, and an instrument for keeping India in perpetual bondage. Sardar Baldev Singh declared that he was not concerned what had happened in the past, and assured the gathering that in case of need, the Indian Army would assist in the achievement of Indian independence rather than impeding the country's march to liberation.

The Defence Member stressed the need of one or two years' course of military training for students in Indian Universities, to facilitate their entry to the Indian Army, navy and air force. He observed that it was also duty of all martial and non-martial classes to assist in whatever manner they could in the achievement of India's goal of independence.

SINK DIFFERENCES

Sardar Baldev Singh added, "The Indian people should think that the Indian Army is our own army, and the army should think that it belongs to the Indan nation. We in the Interim Government are endeavouring to wrest independence at the earliest moment—as early as to-morrow if it is possible—so that the reins of the administration are completely in Indian hands." He agreed that the army had many British officers, but he asked the gathering to realise that they had ultimately to quit India. He said: "We cannot forget the services of British officers who have trained the Indian Army. We may avail ourselves of their services in order to take advantage of their experience.

The Defence Member appealed to the Indian people to sink their differences, and offer their wholehearted co-operation to the Interim Government, adding "when the British Government finally transfer power to Indians we should not be found wanting. If we falter, we shall never be able to achieve independence of our dream."

Sardar Baldev Singh was loudly cheered at the conclusion of his speech.

BIGGEST ARMS DUMP FOUND

SINGAPORE, March 1 (Reuter).—The police today unearthed on the top of a 3,000 foot high mountain outside Kuala-Lumpur the biggest arms dump to be found since the Allies reoccupied Malaya. The dump is believed to be a secret supply of armed gangsters who have been terrorising the whole of the labour crisis. There were more than 300 fire arms of various types and over 10,000 rounds of ammunition in perfect condition.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, March 1.

Cotton opened very steady, 34 to 12 higher, nearbys benefited from trade and mill buying while commission house supported new crops reflecting the unexpected advance in the parity price indicating that if the parity is maintained until next July, loan on new crop will be close to 27 cents. The strength of grains was a contributing factor but the market reacted on increased profit-taking and fears of possible over week-end changes in the export subsidy programme. The market closed barely steady 8 to 20 higher. Sales are estimated at 100,000 bales.

STOCKS: Caution prevailed with little inclination evident among traders to extend position in view of the present uncertainties. Prices drifted trendlessly in one of the dullest sessions for some time. Movements were around one point either way. Analysts believe that a period of stagnation rules pending some major development in the domestic economic picture. Steadier tendencies developed towards the close in enough groups to enable the composite rate to finish with a small gain. Containers, motors, rubbers, rails, farm implements, steels, oils, westocks mostly finished higher while leading minings tobaccos foods amusements avitions utilities and meat packings featured decliners. The market closed steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS: After early shortlived setback on reports of general snow in the winter wheat belt and week-end profit-taking attracted by the recent sharp advances the market rallied strongly with March wheat advancing nine cents to 262 rye to new 27 year high. Buying movements was broad and was set in position by the higher mid-month parity prices, Truman's announcement that the 400,000,000 bushel export goal will be met by May, continued strength of the cash markets and reports of new export sales of maize for April shipment. Winnipeg May rye advanced ten cents on moderate buying presumably influenced by the strength of Chicago and the tight nearby statistical position.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, March 1.

March	34.51
May	33.32
July	31.42
October	28.81
December nominal	28.02
January nominal	27.77
Middling Spot	34.80

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, March 1.

March bid	34.15
May	33.30
July	31.35
October	28.79
December	27.94
Middling Spot	33.85

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGES.

American Telephone and Telegraph	170-1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	33-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	40-7/8
Chase National Bank	37-7/8
Sinclair Oil	15-3/4
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	57-7/8
General Electric Co.	37-1/2
General Motors	60-1/4
Ingersol Rand	118 bid
International Nickel	32-7/8
National City Bank of New York	40-3/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	19-5/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	14-1/8
Texas Corporation	56-3/4
Union Carbon & Carbide	96-1/2
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	50-1/4
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	74
Western Union Telegraph	20-1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, March 1.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.027, buyers 4.032, Madrid 44.00, Montreal sellers 4.027, buyers 4.032, Zurich sellers 17.34, buyers 17.36, Stockholm sellers 14.47, buyers 14.50.

CHICAGO WHEAT.
CHICAGO, March 1.
March 2.59-1/2 to 2.60.
May 2.45 to 2.44-1/2.
July 2.16-1/4 to 2.17.
September 2.10-1/2 to 2.11-1/4.

LONDON WHEAT.
London, March 1.
Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 98/3 Feb.-March quoted.

SUMMONS AGAINST PATNA EDITOR

PATNA, March 1 (API): Summons has been issued by the City Magistrate of West Patna against Mr. Nazir Haidar, editor of the "Sade-e-Am" an Urdu daily of Patna, calling upon the latter to appear in his court on March 4 as a result of a complaint filed by the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Patna, in connection with the publication of a report concerning the search of a mosque and a statement of the joint secretary of the Muzaffarpur District Muslim League, warning people to travel carefully in trains.

Spanish Army Leaders' Move

MADRID, March 1 (UPA): Impartial Spanish observers today expressed the belief that Spanish Army leaders will accept the Monarchist-Republican plan to permit the military directorate to be taken over from Franco since they would have plenty of time to permit people considered guilty of Fascism to escape.

Observers pointed out that the country now is probably more Royalist than Republican and Spaniards who fear civil war more than anything else believe a Monarchy will keep order more efficiently but with fewer reprisals.

ATTLEE'S STATEMENT AND AFTER

"Why Not 'United States Of India'?" Ask Indians In England

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON.

If the uproar that followed the Prime Minister's statement on India had occurred in the legislature of another country, it would have been adduced as proof of the unfitness of that country for parliamentary institutions. There was so much noise and barracking that it was next to impossible to follow the proceedings. The House was full and the galleries were crowded. But, excepting Sir Girijashankar Bajpai, no important Indian was present in the gallery. The High Commissioner for India was conspicuous by his absence. But, foreign embassies were well represented.

After the Conservative motion for adjournment had resulted in defeat, there appeared to be agreement among Labourite M.P.'s in the lobbies that the Government had taken the right step, though even amongst M.P.'s there were some who did not feel quite certain about Britain quitting India by June, 1948. For one thing, the statement does not affect Britain's relations with Indian Princes and, while those relations continue, there can be no question of either British troops completely withdrawing from India or Britain ceasing to have a finger in the Indian pie. Yet, if Indian politicians and Princes rise to the occasion, they can be masters in their own country. And, not to rise to the occasion will be to betray the interests of the common people and damn the country in the eyes of the world.

INDIA SHOULD BEWARE

It is foolish to talk of Attlee's statement as a victory of this or that party. It is a victory for India. But, this victory must not be allowed to be converted into a defeat, as victories are often converted. The leaders know what to do. But a solution that might be accepted as the best under the circumstances is the creation of the United States of India, each state enjoying the right of secession, the Union Government having only such rights and functions as are assigned to it by federating States. This will give a substance of Pakistan to Pakistanis and substantially retain the unity of India. After all, we seek peace and contentment of the common people and division and discord can never yield happiness.

Even if India is divided, the divided parts will have to get together for mutual interest. Why then this wrangle? Neither United India can carry on without Hindu-Muslim unity nor can Pakistan. Why then ignite fires of communal hatred? Those creating communal bitterness are serving the cause of neither India nor Pakistan. These wrangles, as Sardar Ajit Singh told me, only make India the laughing-stock of the world. A friend from the Soviet Union said that we must be damned fools if we did not unite to get freedom. This is also the view of other Europeans. It is said Britain is not in earnest about the liberation of India. But, this will not matter a hoot if Indians would combine at this supreme moment in their history. Indians in London earnestly hope that the communities will bury the hatchet and work together for the common good.

23 INTERESTING ITEMS...

1. Six boxes with pipe fittings 8" app. 3 tons.
2. Empty Drums 45 gallons—2000/5000 pieces.
3. Pressure Valve—150 lbs.—1 piece.
4. Three Trucks. (Tipper)—3 Nos.
5. Colour Joints—500 Nos.
6. Sluice Valves. 6"—15 Nos.
7. G. I. Tanks.—300 and 500 Gals.—1 piece of each.
8. Cold Storage Cabinet—6'x7'x9'—1 piece.
9. Air Conditioners (New)—(3 HP Units)—3 pieces.
10. Cold Storage Plant. Cabinet size (Inside) 12'x9'x7'—1 piece complete.
11. Petrol Tanks—175,000 Gallons—1 piece. 35,000 Gallons—5 pieces.

Above are fixed with nuts and bolts.

12. Acetylene Generating plant—complete in closed truck capacity 500 cu. ft. per hour (nearly new).
13. Carbide—1000 Drums—1 cwt. carbide in each drum in perfect condition.
14. Pipes, Angles, Rods etc.—15 tons app.
15. 75 KW. Deisel Electric Generators complete with starting equipment, 220/440 volts A.C. (excellent condition)—6 pieces.
16. Oxygen Generating Compressors—3000 lbs. pressure—4 pieces with 4 pieces. 50 HP Motors.
17. Ice Cream Machine 3HP Units—1 piece.
18. Water Distilling Plant—New on Wheels—1 piece complete.
19. Oxygen bottle washing machine—1 piece.
20. Oxygen bottle drying machine—1 piece.
21. Spare Parts for Oxygen and Acet. plant and bottles. 7 cases.
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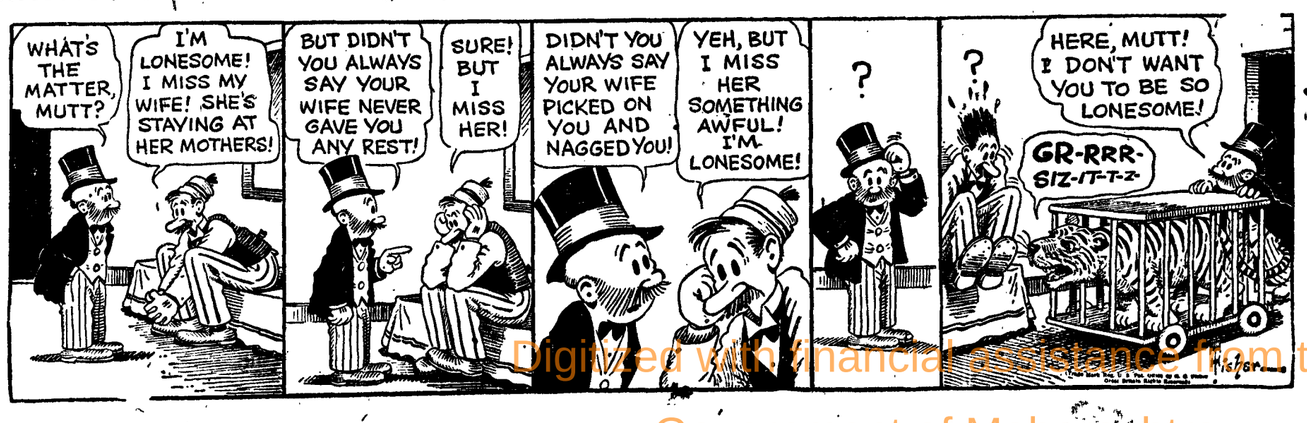
U23

MUTT AND JEFF—Don't Get Excited Girls, It's Just An Old Rug, Jeff Stuffed Up — By BUD FISHER


WHAT'S THE MATTER, MUTT?
I'M LONESOME! I MISS MY WIFE! SHE'S STAYING AT HER MOTHERS!
BUT DIDN'T YOU ALWAYS SAY YOUR WIFE NEVER GAVE YOU ANY REST!
SURE! BUT I MISS HER!
DIDN'T YOU ALWAYS SAY YOUR WIFE PICKED ON YOU AND NAGGED YOU!
YEH, BUT I MISS HER SOMETHING AWFUL! I'M LONESOME!
?
?
HERE, MUTT! I DON'T WANT YOU TO BE SO LONESOME!
GR-RRR-SIZ-IT-T-Z-

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Wanted a Punjabi Girl of good family for a handsome young Punjabi (Khatri) businessman having shop, Phone, and good residence in Bombay. Monthly income Rs. 500 with good prospectus. Property worth 100,000. Caste and dowry no bar. Apply Box No. 5068 "Bombay Chronicle".

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Wanted a General Clerk, knowing office routine, correspondence and accountancy. Apply with full particulars as regards experience and the minimum salary expected to Box No. 120 "Bombay Chronicle".

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PUBLIC NOTICES

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No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 400|- by crossed cheque as earnest money. The deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 p. m. (S. T.) on Saturday the 3rd May, 1947.

F. M. SURVEYOR,
Chief Engineer.
Ballard Road, Bombay.
(2310)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates having domicile in the Province of Bombay to fill the posts of clerks and typist in the Factory Department, Bombay, on the scales given below. Minimum qualification matriculation or equivalent examination. Candidates with approved war service are eligible. Applications in candidates' own handwriting stating age, qualifications, speed of typing (if any), place of birth and caste or religion, with copies of University and Domicile certificates and other testimonials, if any, should reach the Chief Inspector of Factories, Menkwa Building, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 10th March 1947. Clerks Rs. 35-5/2-75 (lower) Rs. 80-5-125 (higher) plus interim relief and compensatory and dearness allowances admissible. Typist Rs. 50-3-95 plus dearness allowance. (2322)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay. No. 10, upto 1 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday, the 10th March 1947, for the supply of the following:—

(1) Waterproof Coats, Caps, Capes, etc.
(2) Blankets (Kumblies).
(3) Bamboo Mats superior.
(4) Battens bamboo.
(5) Asphalt emasion & Floating Asphalt.

Full conditions and particulars are embodied in the form of tender, which may be obtained from the office of the undersigned at annas 8/- PER EACH COPY.

Tender forms will not be sent per V.P.P.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores.
(2203)

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: GEORGE FRANCIS HITCHMAN.
Present Nationality: AUSTRIAN.
Full Address: "Heliopolis", Colaba Road, Bombay.
2228

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

For Sale, one Campbell Suction Gas Engine 150 H.P. with Producer using Charcoal driving alternator 510 Volts, 25 Cycles, 100 K.V.A., in perfect condition. Apply for further particulars with highest offer to Post Box No. 5085, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES

Good Opportunity to Motorowners!—Get your Motor-cars and Trucks completely overhauled or repaired under your eye and at your place to your satisfaction by qualified and experienced experts. Ask for our inspection when purchasing car. To avoid delay write today to Messrs. Vibhandik & Thatte 3, 'Prakash', Bal Govindadas Rd., Mahim, Bombay 16. (5076)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Pencils black lead, samples and prices from Hindustan Pencils Limited, 428, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. (5047)

For Sale: Remington Portable De Lux 5, Brand New Typewriter. Address: "HIRVE", 650, Sachapeer Street, Poona Cantonment. 5050

Phials and Card-Board-Boxes for Dayal's Cloth-Marking-Ink required immediately. Manufacturers| Dealers write to Box No. 5089, "Bombay Chronicle."

1947 Norton 5 h.p. solo with telescopic fork, complete with tools and pillion 3,500|-. Owner going home. Apply Box No. 2343, "Bombay Chronicle."

Carpet and Rug Weavers Co., Mirzapur, U.P. Finest designs Rs. 17/- yard, embossed 20/-. 5103

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE MADRAS CO-OPERATIVE CENTRAL LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.

Post Box No. 609. Luz, Mylapore, Madras 4.

PAID UP CAPITAL: Over Rs. 11 LAKHS
RESERVES: Over Rs. 20 LAKHS

PRESIDENT:
DEWAN BAHADUR C. S. RATNASABAPATI MUDALIAR, C.B.E.,

2¾ PER CENT., 1957-67 DEBENTURES

GUARANTEED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

ISSUE LIMITED TO RS. 28 LAKHS

20-year Debentures at par bearing interest at 2¾ per cent, per annum are available for investment. The debentures are secured on first mortgage of agricultural lands in the Province.

THE PRINCIPAL OF AND THE INTEREST ON THESE DEBENTURES ARE GUARANTEED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

The Debentures are Trust Securities and are also approved securities under the Insurance Act, 1938. THE DEBENTURES are IRREDEEMABLE for the first 10 years from the date of issue and a REDEMPTION FUND (SINKING FUND) will be constituted to pay off the debentures on maturity.

Interest will be paid by means of interest warrants payable by our bankers, which will be sent to the debenture holders a few days in advance of the due date for payment of interest. Income-tax will not be deducted at the source.

ARRANGEMENTS ARE MADE TO RECEIVE MONEY AT PAR AT BOMBAY.

Full amount should be remitted with the application.

APPLICATION FORMS AND OTHER PARTICULARS CAN BE HAD FROM:

M. DATTATRAYULU, B.A., C.A.I.I.B.,
2292 Acting Secretary.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

TENDERS for the annual supplies will be received by the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality, for the year 1947-48 ending 31st March, 1948 on or before the date mentioned below.

Tenders should be addressed and delivered to the Chief Officer at his Office not later than 4 P.M. Each tender must be enclosed in a separate sealed envelope and the No. of the Schedule and the names of the articles should clearly be stated thereon.

DATE 11-3-47 Tuesday

		Earnest Money	Tender Fee
1.	Black Trap Metal ...	8000 0 0	10 0 0
2.	Road Metal	8000 0 0	10 0 0
3.	Black Trap Metal Chipping	6500 0 0	10 0 0
4.	Stone Chipping	6000 0 0	10 0 0
5.	Rubble Stone Con. No. 1	10000 0 0	10 0 0
6.	Rubble Stone Con. No. II	8000 0 0	10 0 0
7.	Asphalt	20000 0 0	10 0 0
8.	Petrol in Bulk	8200 0 0	10 0 0

DATE 14-3-47 Friday

		Earnest Money	Tender Fee
9.	Motor Oils	800 0 0	5 0 0
10.	Lubricating Oils & Greases	250 0 0	2 0 0
11.	Pesterine or Similar Larvicide	800 0 0	5 0 0
12.	Disinfectants	750 0 0	5 0 0
13.	Chlorine Gas Liquid	500 0 0	5 0 0
14.	Stationery-Carbon Papers & Ribbons	50 0 0	1 0 0
15.	Electric Lamps	150 0 0	2 0 0
16.	Packings	150 0 0	2 0 0

1. The specification and the tender forms can be had from the store-keeper on application on Payment in Cash or by Money Order of the Tender fee as shown against each item. Postal Stamps will not be accepted.

2. The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time of opening the tender.

3. The Municipality reserves the right to accept the lowest or any tender or to reject any or all tenders.

M. V. PATEL,
For Chief Officer,
Store Office. Ahmedabad Municipality.
Date 26-2-47. 2348

"WASTE SALES"

At SHREE RAM MILLS LTD., Worli, Tender Forms are available from the Office at a nominal fee of Re. 1/- each. Tenders will be accepted upto 4 p.m. of 5-3-1947.
2345

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on FRIDAY, the 7th March, 1947, that day being a Public Holiday (HOLI) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 26th February, 1947.
2337

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, for carrying out the following work:—

Excavating and carting away about 340 brass of earth, moorum &c. from the Triangular plot at the junction of Kassara Bunder Road and Magazine Street to the Wadala Incinerator.

Conditions of contract, schedule of quantities and form of tender can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 3|- per set.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200|- by crossed cheque as earnest money. The deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 p. m. (S. T.) on Tuesday the 11th March 1947.

F. M. SURVEYOR,
Chief Engineer.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
(2311)

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: Hannuna Cesare.
Present Nationality: Italian.
Full Address: 'Haji Kassam Bldg.,' 2nd Floor, Varsova Street, Byculla, Bombay. 2229

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V. T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P. M. on 12-3-47, for the supply of Vegetables at the Railway's Grainshops at Kalyan, Dombivli, Thana and Neral from 1-4-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. 2340

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay. No. 10, up to 1 P.M. (S.T.) on Monday, the 24th March, 1947, for the supply of One Concrete Mixer Complete.

Full conditions and particulars are embodies in the form of tender which may be obtained from the Office of the undersigned at annas 8/- per copy.

Tender forms will not be sent per V. P. P.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores.
2338

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Sister Tutor from fully qualified and experienced members of the nursing profession for the Main Hospital, the Tata Iron & Steel Company Ltd., Jamshedpur.

Starting pay Rs. 200/- in the scale Rs. 200-10-300. Free lodging and boarding provided in the Nurses Hostel

Leave, Provident Fund, Profit-sharing bonus besides other temporary allowances are admissible in accordance with the Company's rules.

Preference will be given to candidates possessing previous experience as a Sister Tutor.

Applications with three recent copies of testimonials stating age, whether married or single, should reach the Director, Medical & Health Departments, the Tata Iron & Steel Company Ltd., Jamshedpur, on or before the 15th March, 1947.

(Sd.) R. G. DESHMUKH.
2341

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V. T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P. M. on 17-3-47 for the supply of Agmark ghee (Red Seal) to the Railway's godown at Shed No. 3, Wadi Bandar, from 3-4-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. 2339

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V. T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form up to 3 P.M. on 17-3-47 for the supply of Pure Milk to the Railway Grainshops at Thana, Dombivli, Kalyan, Neral and Karjat with effect from 1-4-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office. 2349

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUSTAMJEE BYRAMJEE ACIDVALA has contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim in to upon or against the said property are hereby required to notify the same to the undersigned at Alli Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise such claim, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of non-agricultural unsurveyed Gowthan land or ground with hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Chimbai Kasba Bandra in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in Taluka South Salsette in the District of Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement two hundred and six (206) square yards or thereabouts together with the building standing thereon and bearing the Municipal No. 18 in the Books of the Municipality of Bandra No. II Non-agriculture Survey No. 298.

FIRSTLY:—ALL THAT piece or parcel of non-agricultural unsurvey Gowthan land or ground, situate at Chimbai Kasba Bandra in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in Taluka South Salsette in the District of Bombay Suburban with well standing thereon, containing by admeasurement sixty-seven (67) square yards or thereabouts be the same more or less and bounded as follows:—On the North by a gulley and beyond by the property of J. B. D'Abreo, on the South by the property secondly described, on the East by the property described in Schedule No. 1 and on or towards the West by the Chimbai Road being the Municipal No. 18 in the Books of the Municipality of Bandra Non-agricultural Survey No. 298.

SECONDLY:—ALL THAT piece or parcel of non-agricultural unsurvey Gowthan land or ground situate at Chimbai Kasba Bandra in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in the Taluka South Salsette in the District of Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement one hundred and three (103) square yards or thereabouts be the same more or less and bounded as follows:—On the North by the property firstly described in the Second Schedule, on the South by a public passage and beyond by the property of Mr. J. Gomes, on the East by the property described in the Schedule No. 1 and on the West by the Chimbai Road being the Municipal No. 18 in the books of the Municipality of Bandra Non-agricultural Survey No. 298.

Dated this 28th day of February, 1947.

HOOSEINI DOCTOR & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2347

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

IMMEDIATELY THREE SURVEYORS with experience in Irrigation survey in the grade of Rs. 50-5-75 P.M. with Dearness Allowance as per State rules. Higher initial salary will be given according to qualifications and experience.

Apply to:—
THE FIRST MEMBER,
STATE COUNCIL,
(Morvi State) MORVI.
(2194)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 57 PIECES OF ART SILK CREPE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Thakurdas and Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Santram Ralliaram, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Chandrakant Daulatrai of Gawmukhi Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, Messrs. BENETT & CO., will Today Monday, the 3rd March, 1947, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, 57 pieces Art Silk Crepe.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit. Cheques will not be accepted, purchasers will have to pay sales tax.

AUCTION SALE OF 400 GROSS PLASTIC COMBS.

Under instructions from the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of defaulting purchaser M|s. BENNETT & CO., will on THURSDAY, the 6th inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at their rooms: 400 gross plastic combs. Terms: 25% cash deposit. Purchasers will have to pay the sales tax.

SALE ON WEDNESDAY, 5th AND THURSDAY 6TH MARCH, 1947, AT 3 P.M. EACH DAY AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

A collection of Old Artistic, decorative and useful articles comprising Chinese porcelain bronze, carved wood, cloisonne enamel, Satsuma, Bohemian ware, silver articles, Mah-Jong Set, Kodascope, English earthen vases, and jugs and a few Iraqui and Meheshed Carpets of various sizes, also 4 Singer sewing machines hand and treadle:

On View two days before the sale from 11-30 A.M. to 5-30 P.M.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE.

By Messrs. MANGATRAM BROTHERS
OF

THEIR CHEVROLET, Ford, Leyland, Thornycrofts and other makes Trucks on the 9th day of March, 1947, at the hour of 10 O'clock in the morning at the premises of Messrs. Mangatram Bros. Garrage No. 2, Wadi Bunder. Particulars and other conditions of sale can be had on application from Messrs. Mangatram Bros. at Wadi Bunder, Bombay—9.

Dated this 26th day of February, 1947.

Top: The Dome of St. Paul's Cathedral, London. Lower picture gives an artist's impression of King George's Medical College at Lucknow.

While London Sleeps, Lucknow awakes! Different Countries the World over have different times, but there's one thing that never varies—the reliability of the 'West End' Watch. You'll find good looks and long wear, too, in any 'West End' model.

Most orders can be met from stock, but we are still having considerable difficulties in obtaining supplies.

Catalogue Free on request.

West End WATCH CO.
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA

The "Secundus" New Calibre CURVED 9-ct. Solid Gold Rs. 157

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